THE ... EE EXPRESS

Historical Society

Vol. LXI No. 8—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, ... RY 10th, 1922.

$1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House

DOXSEE & CO.

WILL FACE A CHARGE OF MURDER AT ...

ERWOOD UPTON — SHERWOOD UPTON — FRED BRYANT

Three Kingston youths who will be brought to Napanee on Thursday, for their preliminary hearing on the charge of having murdered Night Constable Richard Beard, at Napanee, on August 28th last. The Upton boys are already under sentence of four years each in the penitentiary for burglary in Kingston, while Bryant has been committed for trial on a charge of receiving stolen goods.

ALUMINUM

We have just received a nice line of

"DOURO" ALUMINUM-WARE

(fully guaranteed)

and put up in attractive boxes for Xmas.

We have also

Pyrex Ovenware,
Snow Shoes,
Skates,
Safety Razors,
Hand Sleighs,
many other suitable goods for gifts.

And

You will find the prices this year quite reasonable.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

COAL

I have a supply of choice, fresh mined

Hard Coal

CHAS. STEVENS

10-tf

Bran, Shorts, Flour and Feed Cheaper than the Cheapest

Frost Fence Wire and Gates on Spring Payments.

Maple Cord Wood at $10 per Cord

at Dennis O'Connors. See him.

Hay, Grain and Seeds bought and sold. Car lots delivered at any station.

Leave your orders now for Corn. Car unloading next week.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM ARTHUR IRISH, of the Town of Napanee, formerly of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, salesman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a bill of divorce from his wife FLORENCE BEATRICE IRISH whose last known address was Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Napanee, Province of Ontario, October 17th, 1921.

U. M. WILSON,
Solicitor for Applicant.
46-13 5-b

THE NAPANEE MURDER SUSPECTS

SENT UP FOR TRIAL AT KINGSON POLICE COURT

The Upton brothers and Frederick Bryant appeared in the Kingston police court on Thursday morning of last week, and Frederick Bryant was sent up for trial on a charge of receiving a quantity of jewellery stolen from the store of Mahood Bros. on Hallowe'en night.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" through his counsel, T. J. Rigney, but after the evidence of Sherwood Upton, Police Sergeant Marshall Armstrong, and Frederick Mahood had been taken, Magistrate Farrell committed them to stand his trial before a judge and jury. This was the only charge that came before the court this session.

HELPED TO MOVE LOOT

Sherwood Upton was placed in the witness box by Crown Attorney J. L. Whiting, and swore that Bryant had assisted him in carrying a large quantity of the loot secured from Mahood Bros.' store to a barn near the outer station on the night of December 11th, 1921.

Police Sergeant Marshall Armstrong told about going to the barn near the outer station and finding a large quantity of the stolen jewellery hidden under the barn. The goods were in a suit case, club bag and a couple of sacks. In addition to the jewellery there were two rifles and a quantity of ammunition.

Mr. Whiting announced that he would withdraw other informations he had taken out against the three young men for theft, and it is understood that this is being done in order that the men may be taken to Napanee and given their preliminary trial on the murder charge. The assize court at Napanee sits on the same day as the assize court in Kingston.

REMOVAL OF THE LOOT

Sherwood Upton was the first witness called by Mr. Whiting. He was dressed in a neat suit of serge.

Questioned by Mr. Whiting, witness said that he had removed some articles from under a workshop at his home, to a barn near the outer station. The goods were placed under this barn. The goods were taken away in a club bag, suit case and a couple of sacks. Two rifles were removed at the same time, along with the other goods. The guns were taken apart and were wrapped up. The goods were removed at night, between eleven and twelve o'clock, and about three quarters of an hour was taken up in the job.

And who assisted you in the removal of the goods?" asked Mr. Whiting.

"Fred Bryant," was the reply.

Questioned further, witness said that the goods were taken with him to Napanee the following day.

Witness said that on arrival at the barn Sherwood Upton pulled away some of the stones in the foundation, and stated that the jewellery and guns they were looking for were hidden under the barn. After pulling away some of the stones, Sherwood Upton crawled under the barn for a distance of about twice his own length. He first brought out a club bag and then a suit case. Witness reached in as far as he could and helped take the things out. After handing out the suit case and club bag, Upton brought out two rifles and one of the guns was loaded. Afterwards the club bag, suit case and guns were taken to the police station.

Mr. F. Mahood identified the goods as having been stolen from his store.

Following the trial arrangements were made with Chief of Police Barrett, of Napanee, to transfer the prisoners to Napanee where they will appear for preliminary hearing on the charges against them here.

Thousands of thin, frail men and women have reported an astonishing and rapid increase in weight as a result of taking Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Murder Suspects Here on Thursday

The preliminary hearing in the case of the Upton boys and Fred Bryant, charged with the murder of Night Constable Richard Beard will come up before Magistrate Kaiser in Napanee on Thursday next, at 11 o'clock. Crown Attorney Wilson will conduct the prosecution. Chief of Police Robinson and Sergt. Marshall Armstrong, of Kingston, will attend the preliminary hearing.

The attorney general's department at Toronto is going to take no chances that anything happens during the removal of the Upton brothers and Frederick Bryant to Napanee, where they face the charge of murder in connection with the slaying of Constable R. Beard. The last time, and the three young prisoners were confined in the county jail at Kingston, but it is understood that they will be brought to Napanee this week. Hundreds of people are anxious to get a look at the three men who are charged with killing the night constable. For that reason, it is understood that the movement of the prisoners to Napanee will be kept a complete secret.

It is believed that it is the intention not to confine the prisoners in the jail at Napanee over night, for reason of the fact that it is not nearly as secure a place as the Kingston county jail. If this plan is carried out, it will mean that the prisoners will be brought from Kingston in the morning and upon arrival at Napanee will immediately face their trial and will then be committed to stand trial at the sitting of the high court in February. They will then be rushed back to Kingston jail before evening and will remain there until the sitting takes place in Napanee.

CAREFULLY GUARDED

At the Kingston county jail a very careful watch is being kept on the three men, both day and night. They are kept in separate cells, and are not permitted to converse with one another. The young men are visited daily by their relatives, but no person is permitted to go close to them.

It is stated that all three are quite willing to talk about their position, but when the matter of the killing of Constable Beard is even suggested, they are absolutely mum. It is thought that they will remain silent on this question until the opening of the case in Napanee, and then there may be some sensational developments. Frederick Bryant appears to feel his position more keenly than the Upton brothers. He is daily visited by his mother and young wife.

THE FINGER PRINTS

The reading of the finger prints on the window sill of Smith's jewelry store, where the three men were attempting to break in on the night the murder was committed, will likely play a part in connection with the trial. Immediately after the killing of Constable Beard, Chief Barrett, of Napanee, had a special constable placed at the window so that no person could come close to it until the finger expert arrived from Ottawa to take the impressions. The finger prints have also been taken off the Robinson car with which the murders of Constable Beard are supposed to have driven.

Old time residents in Napanee say that this is the first time in their experience that young men under the age of twenty have appeared in this town to answer to the charge of murder. It is a very sad case on account of the twin brothers being implicated. The father and the mother of these boys are heart-broken. The employers of all three boys speak in the highest terms of them, and are anxious to see that they get the fairest trial possible.

Aladdin Lamps!

Two styles, Stand or Hanging. Price reduced. Headquarters at Wallace's Drug Store. For sale by

FRED RUSSELL,
Selby.

THE MINIMUM WAGES TO BE PAID FEMALES

New orders with respect to the institution of the minimum wage for female employees have been announced by the Minimum Wage Board. These orders apply to the province outside of Toronto.

Order No. 9 applies to all the province except in cities of more than 5,000. Experienced adults receive $10 to start, and inexperienced $8, after 6 months $9, and after the second 6 months $10. Young girls start at $6, after the second 6 months $7.50, after third 6 months $9, and after that period $10.

The new regulations will comb into effect on January 17th.

Snow shoes, skates, and hand sleighs for Xmas gifts at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council met at 11 a.m. on Monday morning for their inaugural session.

Town Clerk, W. A. Grange administered the declarations of qualification, and all the members took their seats.

The standing committees for the year 1922 were struck as follows, on motion of Councillors Steacy and Wilson:

FINANCE—F. S. Boyes, chairman; D. B. Wilson, Geo. Tustin.

STREETS—A. E. Paul, chairman; F. A. Perry, F. S. Boyes.

FIRE WATER AND LIGHT—Dr. E. Ming, chairman; W. A. Steacy, F. A. Perry.

TOWN PROPERTY—W. A. Steacy, chairman; Dr. E. Ming, A. E. Paul.

PRINTING AND BY-LAWS—F. A. Perry, Chairman; Geo. Tustin, D. B. Wilson.

MARKET AND POLICE—D. B. Wilson, chairman; F. S. Boyes, W. A. Steacy.

POOR AND SANITARY—George Tustin, chairman; A. E. Paul, Dr. E. Ming.

On motion the council adjourned until 7.30 p.m.

EVENING SESSION

The council met as per adjournment, at 7.30, Mayor M. P. Graham presiding.

Members present—Reeve Paul, and Councillors Wilson, Perry, Ming, Steacy, Tustin, Boyes.

The Mayor's address was read to the council by the clerk.

A communication from the Municipal World re subscriptions was ordered filed.

A communication from the S. T. Kirby Co., Ottawa, was referred to the Streets Committee.

A communication from the Gutta Percha and Rubber Co. asking information and soliciting orders for fire hose was laid on the table.

A communication from Mr. A. C. Baker asking appointment as auditor for 1922, was laid on the table.

A notice from Messrs. Porter, Butler & Payne, Belleville, notifying the council of an accident to Mrs. Mary Meagher on a Napanee sidewalk, and that a claim for damage will be presented.

On motion the matter was referred to the Finance Committee to consult the town solicitor.

The matter of opening the town quarry as a relief measure was left in the hands of the Streets Committee.

The matter of the purchase of some wood for poor relief, and having it cut, was left in the hands of the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

On motion the Town Property Committee were authorized to secure plans for a heating plant for the town hall, and report at next meeting.

A by-law to appoint a member of the Board of Education was put through the various stages appointing Mr. J. L. Boyes School Trustee for three years.

A by-law adopting the assessment of 1921 as the assessment for 1922 was put through its various stages and finally passed.

A by-law appointing a member of the Board of Health was put through its various stages appointing Dr. R. A. Leonard to that position.

A by-law to appoint a Court of Revision was passed appointing the Finance Committee, and the Mayor and Reeve, as members of said court.

A by-law to appoint auditors for 1922 was passed appointing Messrs. A. C. Baker and C. B. Creighton as auditors, and fixing their remuneration at $40 each.

A by-law appointing a town solicitor was passed appointing W. S. Herrington, K.C., town solicitor, at a salary of $100.

A by-law was passed appointing A. E. Cook, Sanitary Inspector for 1922, at a salary of $100.

A by-law making interim appropriations was passed making the following appropriations:

Streets $3000, Fire Water and Light $3000, Printing and By-Laws $300, Town Property $1000, Poor and Sanitary $500, Police and Market $1200, Contingent $1000.

On motion the Mayor, Reeve and Clerk were appointed a deputation to interview the Ontario Government in reference to work on Roblin's hill, and work for special relief.

ACCOUNTS

Sisters of Charity, re E. B. Perry	$ 19.71
A. T. Harshaw, insurance	6.50
Lennox Auto & Machine Co.	46.93
Thos. Huffman, streets	4.95
J. Bradshaw, Town Prop.	34.20
W. D. Hall, Town Prop.	39.00
Robt. Light	48.60
J. L. Boyes	40.50
W. A. Templeton	84.00

Several accounts from the Bell Telephone Co. were referred to the town clerk.

Council adjourned.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Glenora Flour Mills, of Glenora, are now running under the services of an experienced Western Miller, and can supply customers with best grades flour, also bran, shorts and all kinds of ground feed constantly on hand. We will pay a bonus for good spring or fall wheat. Also all kinds of coarse grain wanted. It will pay you to see us before disposing of your grain elsewhere. The ice crossing from Adolphustown to Glenora is in good condition. Phone in Mill, No. 117-ring 2, Picton exchange.

THE GLENORA MILLING CO.,
T. N. MARTIN, Manager.

Pyrex, glass, ovenwares, a nice assortment of different articles, DAVY & ALLISON.

Do you drink "SALADA" OR JUST TEA?

There's a distinct difference in favor of "Salada"

N285

Your Sale Notes

IF you want your sale notes discounted or placed in safe keeping, bring them to our nearest branch. It is part of our complete banking service to farmers to discount farmers' sale notes, or to provide a safe depository for them and make collections when due.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH — G. PATTEN CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch open Thursdays, Fridays, from Nov. 16, to April 30.

Don't Invite a Burglar

to steal your money, by keeping it in the house. It costs nothing to deposit money in The Merchants Bank where it is safe from loss. More than this, the Bank will pay you interest for taking care of it. Why risk losing money by fire or theft, when a Savings Account in this Bank will protect it?

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal — Established 1864.

NAPANEE BRANCH, C. H. ANDERSON, Manager.
YARKER, VERONA AND PARHAM BRANCHES, J. W. McCLYMONT, Manager.
TAMWORTH BRANCH, S. D. WHALEY, Manager.

FOR SALE—House, and nearly 4 acres of good gorden land, on edge of town, or exchanged. Good barn, new house, pig pen. Electric lights, and hard and soft water in house. Apply to BOX 519. 6-bp

DR. G. H. HOLLINGSHEAD, D.C., Chiropractor

Consultation, Free.

Hours: 9 a.m. to 12 noon; 1 p.m. till 6 p.m.; 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Cor. Bridge and East Streets, NAPANEE

CLOVER SEED WANTED

Highest price paid for Alfalfa, Red Clover, Alsike, and Timothy Seeds.

Send samples and we will try and trade.

A. JARVIS & CO., Seed Merchants. King, Ont.
3-dp

TENDERS WANTED

Required 15 cords sound body hard wood, four feet long, delivered at Court House, Napanee. Address tenders to

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk,
Napanee.
5-b

NOTICE OF MEETING

THE COUNTY COUNCIL

of Lennox and Addington, pursuant to statute, will meet at the Council Chamber, in the Court House, NAPANEE, on

TUESDAY, JAN. 24th, 1922 at 2 p. m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than Wednesday, Jan. 25th, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated January 10th, 1922.

TENDERS WANTED

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the sale of the residence in the Village of Colebrook belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. A. C. Warner. The premises consist of a stone house, good barn, and about one acre of land. Tenders will be received up to and inclusive of the 31st day of January, 1922.

It is desired to sell the property as the estate of the late Mrs. Warner is being wound up.

Reasonable terms of sale can be arranged.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for said Estate.
6-b

Cutting Wood?

Cross-cut saws, axes, axe helves, saw sets, files. A complete line at WILSON'S Hardware.

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown.
11-3-m

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Large brick house and barn. Apply to U. M. WILSON, Napanee. 4-tf

FOR SALE—2 Cream Separators: 1 600 lb., $59.50; 1 800 lb., $64.50. SID. C. S. McKIM, Napanee. 2-tf

HOUSE TO LET—Brick house, with modern conveniences, on East street. Apply to HARMAN & CARD. 2-tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

HOUSE TO RENT—North half of double brick house on Robert Street. Newly papered and painted. Apply JAS. CLIFF, 2 doors south of premises. 4

FOR SALE—10 acres, just outside the Corporation, choice garden soil, ploughed, good frame house and barn. Very convenient and well located. $2,900.00. F. C. BOGART. 4

ICE BOAT FOR SALE—Apply to JAMES H. HARTWICK, JR., Box 470, Napanee, Ont.

FOR SALE—General purpose mare, 5-years old, kind and quiet. PAUL & SMITH.

FOR SALE—Frame house and lot, on west end Water street. Apply R. Howie, Box 519, town. 4

HAY FOR SALE—Also a few loads of straw. Apply to W. E. CUMMINGS, Napanee, R.R. 1, or 'phone 183 r 2-2. 4-tf

FARM FOR SALE—On Belleville road, 5 miles from Napanee, 3 miles from Deseronto. 140 acres, in 2 parcels. Good buildings. Will sell in one parcel, or separate. Apply to FRANK SMITH, R. R. 6 4-tf

Why?

drive a car that is only 50 per cent. efficient, when at a small expense you may have the cylinders rebored and refitted to run with the efficiency of a new motor. Bring in your car and have it overhauled and repainted during the slack season, so that when Spring comes it is ready for action. Winter storage for a few cars.

PAUL & SMITH.

Farmers' Sales Notes

BRANCHES of this Bank in rural sections render valuable service to farmers by acting as custodian for their sales notes, or by discounting them and making collections when due.

Standard Service makes the farmer's financing easy.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS

Napanee Branch: R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Marysville, Newburgh, Picton, Selby, Trenton, Kingston and Melrose.

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN, DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

The Best Service
A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.
We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel, you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.
OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.
THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
Napanee Ont.

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.

WOOD
Blocks, Cordwood, Hardwood Slabs, stove lengths or 4 ft.
Flour, Feed, Groceries, Salt.
S. CASEY DENISON,
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

A New Problem.

Will the advent of Miss A. C. McPhail, M.P.-elect for Southeast Grey, into Parliamentary debates, necessitate a revision of the rules of the House of Commons?" That is a question which has arisen in the minds of some Parliamentarians. It appears to be Miss McPhail's habit which rules the necessity for revising the rules.

Rule 16, of Rules of Debate, taken from Bourinot, says:

"Every member desiring to speak is to rise in his place, uncovered, and address himself to Mr. Speaker." On the other hand, it is pointed out that the scriptural injunction to women was that they must not uncover the head in public.

The general rule says: "In all cases not provided for hereinafter or by sessional or other orders, the rules, usages and forms of proceeding of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in force on the first day of July, 1867, shall be followed." But there were no women members of Parliament before July 1, 1867, so that only complicates the question. Among the men the general opinion is that Lady Astor, when speaking in the British House of Commons, wears her hat, so presumably the necessary steps will be taken for Miss McPhail, to follow her example.

When questioned on the subject Miss McPhail said she would follow the custom of the women members of the House, rising to address the Speaker with her head uncovered.

TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND

Following is a complete table of the vote taken at the recent Municipal Elections :

For Reeve—	No. 1	No. 2	Selby	Forest Mills	Roblin	Total
C. KELLAR	86	36	43	53	49	267
R. W. Paul	51	85	30	66	246
Majority for Kellar						21
For Councillors—						
S. FRENCH	57	57	80	10	22	226
W. J. GOLLINGER	13	20	77	31	65	206
J. SCHERMERHORN	17	15	29	50	83	194
S. BROWN	6	3	42	50	50	151
W. Woodcock	44	31	24	28	23	150
E. McQuaig	10	13	85	19	11	138
F. A. Perry	72	18	12	5	7	114
A. Oliver	21	35	12	2	4	74
N. Allen	3	1	21	18	24	67

A CANADIAN RECORD HEN

WHITE WYANDOTTE LAYS 325 EGGS IN YEAR

"Lady Dot" a White Wyandotte pullet, leg band No. D. 3, at the Dominion Experimental Station, Invermere, B.C., completed her yearly record on October 31st, producing 325 eggs during the preceding 365 days. She was hatched on March 25th, 1920, and commenced to lay in October. She was placed in a permanent laying pen on November 1st, therefrom November 1st. The following is her monthly egg production for the year :

November	27 eggs
December	27 eggs
January	27 eggs
February	27 eggs
March	29 eggs
April	25 eggs
May	27 eggs
June	29 eggs
July	29 eggs
August	31 eggs
September	29 eggs
October	17 eggs
Total	325 eggs

During the four winter months "Lady Dot" produces 108 eggs, which is more than many pullets do in a year. From August 1st to October 17th, when she quit laying, she laid 78 eggs in 78 days. Commencing on May 18th, and continuing until October 17th, a period of 153 days, she produced 150 eggs. "Lady Dot" did not go broody during the year, but commenced to moult on Oct. 11th, and quit laying on the 17th. Unfortunately there is no trap nest record of her pullet year, i.e. November 1st, 1920, otherwise her yearly record would have been more. As an individual she is, if anything, small for the breed, but is the most active bird in the flock.

"Lady Dot" is from an Experimental Farm flock that averaged 197.5 in their pullet year, and is the result off 6 years' breeding and selection.

DENBIGH

The concert and box social held at C. Both's hall on the evening of December 16th was well patronized and enjoyed by all who attended it.

Christmas services were held in the Methodist church on the evening of December 24th by Rev. Gaul, and in the Lutheran church on the evening of December 26th by Rev. C. Bloom, of Palmer Rapids. Both services were also well attended.

More than usual interest was shown at our municipal elections. Only two candidates were competitors for the reeveship, but eleven were trying for the honor of becoming members of our Municipal Council. Our new council will consist of Mr. Frank Rodgers, Reeve ; and Messrs. K. G. Adam, Charles Ball, Oscar Chatson, and Adolph Glaeser, Councillors.

There was a subscription and collection taken at both polling sub-divisions in aid of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, which yielded $18.25 at Poll No. 1, Denbigh, and $3.50 at Poll No. 2, Vennachar, which amounts have been forwarded to the said institution.

Miss Flora Fritsch, of New York, is paying an extended visit to her parents here at her old home. Her brother, George, of Renfrew, also joined the family circle for a couple of weeks, but just left again for his present residence in town.

Mr. G. John, of Sault St. Marie, is here on an extended visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. John.

Mr. Jos. Adams is a welcome visitor at his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. Adams.

Other visitors during the holidays were at C. Stein's, their daughter, Gladys, who is teaching school at Little Ireland ; and at O. Kliem's, their daughter, Anna, who is attending high school in Napanee. Both have left again to resume their positions.

Our village public school has started again with Mr. Geo. Ball in charge, after our Continuation School with Miss F. Danford as teacher.

Lovers of the out-of-door life will welcome the January edition of ROD AND GUN IN CANADA, which contains many interesting and instructive articles and stories dealing with nature and her children, in the winter. "Teens Less Twenty," is the title of a romantic story by Charles Bonham, the well known short story writer, which appears in this issue along with several other stories by such well known writers as E. V. Williams, Harry M. Moore, E. T. Martin and others equally famous. For the firearms crank there is the usual valuable Guns and Ammunition department and special articles on rifle and revolver shooting. The fisherman's trip along a Nova Scotian trout stream, by Bonnycastle Dale, while Robert Page Lincoln's articles open the road to the thrills of ice fishing. The trapper is taken care of by M. U. Bates and Archie Joscelyn, in the Trap Line Department. The January issue of the national sportsman's magazine of Canada is published monthly by W. J. TAYLOR, LIMITED, WOODSTOCK.

If you are run down, discouraged and out of heart, get a bottle of Tanlac and see how different it makes you feel. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

CANADA'S RESOURCES

Attention is now being directed towards the country's natural resources, as never before, since it is generally recognized that only by a more widespread utilization of Canada's undeveloped lands, mines, forests, water-powers, and fisheries can permanent economic problems be solved.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Branch of the Department of the Interior has published a map showing the leading natural resources of each province. In Nova Scotia mixed farming, lumbering and fishing predominate ; in Prince Edward Island fur-farming and agriculture. New Brunswick has large areas of timber, while mixed farming and fruit growing are outstanding interests. In Quebec may be found a wealth of timber for pulp-wood, also minerals such as asbestos, graphite and molybdenite, while in Ontario somewhat similar opportunities exist.

In the Prairie Provinces the prospective settler may investor may obtain adequate returns on capital and labor in either grain growing, mixed farming or ranching, while in British Columbia timbering, fishing, fruit growing and mining are among the leading industries.

In addition to information on natural resources, the map shows all railways and trade routes. An interesting and valuable feature is a series of comparative diagrams illustrating the production and exports of the various provinces. A copy of the map may be obtained free of charge upon application to the Natural Resources Intelligence Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

OTTAWA.

Where Canada's Capital Got Its Unusual Name.

A fine old Indian word is perpetuated in the name of Canada's capital city. The word is derived from an Indian word, common to the Crees, the Algonquins and numerous other tribes, "adawe," meaning to trade. The Ottawas were great traders, bartering in furs and corn and similar necessities of the aboriginal life. For their trading expeditions they made the great river that bisected Quebec and Ontario their chief artery of traffic, and even went so far as to claim ownership of the river, naming it after themselves.

Early visitors to Chaudiere Falls and the big river found that the Ottawa was already named. There were plenty of such visitors from Montreal and Quebec. In 1613, Champlain first cruised the Ottawa. In 1650, Nicola Gatineau, a clerk in the service of the Company of One Hundred Associates, came up the river and named the Gatineau river opposite Ottawa. The first English-speaking person to see the Chaudiere Falls was Alexander Henry, who came in 1761. The first settler in the neighborhood was Nicholas Sparks, who came from Ireland in 1816 and incidentally provided the name of Ottawa's chief thoroughfare of to-day.

The first community grew up at Ottawa in 1826, when Col. By, who was sent out from England to build the Rideau Canal, established a small engineering and military post at the spot, and in the following year the town that developed as a result of the opening-up of the canal for traffic, was named Bytown in his honor.

There had been a community across the river at Hull for some time, ever since Philémon Wright, an American, had come up from the United States to settle there. The year before the Rideau Canal was opened, Philemon Wright owed Nicholas Sparks $400 and gave him in payment 400 acres of land that is now the city of Ottawa. When Wright saw the developments that were going to follow upon the opening of the canal he tried to buy back the land, but Sparks was not tricked into an easy bargain.

Bytown would have been a totally inadequate name for the capital of Canada, and the eternal gratitude of the Canadian people is due to Col. George Hay who originally responsible for having the name changed to Ottawa. Col. Hay ran a wholesale house in Montreal and used to buy goods from a merchant in L'Orignal. The merchant adopted the trade name "Ottawa" for his goods, naming them after the big river that flowed by his store and became with the name, and when he came to Bytown to run the Bank of Ottawa, which also had been named after the river and the valley, he saw a good opportunity of giving the city a good name and getting a big start in favor of his bank by the one and the same move, and he suggested to the men at the head of Canadian Government affairs that steps be taken to change the name of the city from Bytown to Ottawa. He was a good lobbyist and the change went through. And that is why Ottawa is Ottawa and not Bytown.—John Duke in Toronto Sunday World.

Quick Building.

After the plans for a three-roomed bungalow were passed by Harrow (England) Council on a recent Monday, the house was built and occupied by the following Saturday.

Shoes In Italy.

In Florence, Italy, when the high cost of shoes leaped more than 100 per cent. the girls there turned cobblers for themselves and made their own shoes.

LINE TO THE PAST.

Old Colored Woman Recalls the War of 1812.

Mrs. Elisabeth Clark, colored, of Fort Erie, died on Nov. 26, at the age of one hundred and fifteen years. Mrs. Clark was an eye-witness of the burning of the village of Buffalo by the British troops in 1814. Her father was killed in that engagement. At that time her father was employed in Buffalo as a cook.

Mrs. Clark was born in Virginia, the daughter of free parents, who came north when she was about two years old, and lived for a time in Fort Erie. They later went to Buffalo and lived there during the war.

Returning to Fort Erie about 1820, the young girl married Richard Clark, a stage-coach driver, who lived until 1866. She remembered nearly all the earlier history of this part of the country, and only a few months ago recounted to a reporter the vivid details of the Fenian raid of 1866. Her extreme age was hardly doubted, and is authenticated by many of the oldest residents of Fort Erie, who remember her as an old woman when they were children. The last time she was seen on the streets was in 1918. When she had walked up the steep hill to her home after a trip to the store, she admitted that she was not as strong as formerly. About that time she ceased to do her house work. Her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Francis, of Rochester, coming to Fort Erie to take care of her. She was confined to her bed, however, for only the last four weeks. Charles Clark, himself over eighty years old, and Mrs. Francis, are the only surviving members of a family of seven children.

Honored Bliss Carman.

The Montreal branch of the Canadian Authors' Association devised a most original reception to Bliss Carman on his recent visit to that city. Tiny pupils of the Strathearn School, led by Miss Kathleen Fox, rendered "The Dance of the Maple Leaves," the song written for the occasion by Mr. J. Murray Gibbon and set to music by Mr. Harold Eustace Key. The little girls sang and danced against a background of chalk-white wall garlanded with bronze-red maple leaves. At the final line a little girl presented Mr. Carman with a wreath of laurel and maple leaves.

The song written for this interesting occasion from the pen of the president of the Canadian Authors' Association, and runs as follows:—

We are the leaves that run
Red—so red—and blaze
With the burning of the sun
So many summer days.

We are the leaves unknown,
Save to the things that fly;
And now, loose and wind-blown,
Flame up before we die.

But ere we drift beneath
The silence of the snow,
We twine for you a wreath
Of praise as we go.

You led the caravan
Of poets on Grand Pre,
And taught the Pipes of Pan
In Canada to play.

In Fundy's sides you sought
The Children of the Sea;
And spells on you caught
Under the Maple tree.

Now at this Mountain Gate,
Your autumn song we hear,
And crown you laureate,
Sweet-singing pioneer.

THE FASTEST FISH.

The Tarpon Can Swim Eighty Miles an Hour.

Much has been written regarding the speed at which birds fly. At least equally interesting is the question of the pace at which fish can swim.

You can time a bird's flight from point to point with a stop-watch, but to time a fish in the water is a much more difficult matter.

In the clear water of a moorland trout stream you can sometimes get a very good view of trout, and, peering over the edge of a high bank into a pool, I have dropped a small pebble and watched the trout flash away. After trying this experiment a good many times, I have come to the conclusion that a small trout can move at almost thirty miles an hour.

But I do not think that a trout is as fast as a mackerel. A mackerel, weight for weight, is a stronger fish than a trout, and in a race between the two I should say that the mackerel would be the winner.

Other things being equal, the larger a fish the more rapidly it can swim. A ten-pound salmon can give a very good imitation of a torpedo. Even when hooked and dragging a line against a heavily braked reel its speed is amazing.

A tarpon, with its long slender body and tremendous muscular power, can certainly outstrip a salmon. I have heard it asserted that a tarpon can travel at eighty miles an hour.

I have watched a shoal of porpoises swimming in wedge formation in front of the steamer, and timed them—evidently in response to some given signal—divide into two separate squadrons, each of which wheeled and dashed back around the stern of the ship, to return almost immediately and take up their former position.

The ship at the time was moving at fifteen knots, and after seeing this manoeuvre repeated several times other spectators agreed with me that the porpoises could swim just about three times the pace at which the ship was traveling, or something like fifty miles an hour.

A shark is almost as speedy as a porpoise, but it is a bit slow in starting. The fact is, I fancy, only one fish that could give points and a beating to the tarpon. This is the swordfish, a creature that runs to a thousand pounds or more in weight, and which for sheer strength and ferocity has possibly no match in all the seas.

As for the whale, which is, of course, a mammal and not a fish, its speed cannot be compared with that of some of the creatures already mentioned. Yet even so, any whale could beat the fastest ocean greyhound in a speed contest.

Bought Darwin's Home.

The British Government has bought the birthplace of Charles Darwin, propounder of the doctrine of evolution. This large, plain, square red-brick house was built in 1800, and is situated in Shrewsbury.

Sitka, Alaska, was settled by Russians in 1780.

He Created Fauntleroy

Are you a Fauntleroy boy? That is, were you a Fauntleroy boy in the days when Fauntleroy boys were even aided and abetted by doting parents to flaunt their Fauntleroyalty before an innocent and defenceless world? Are you old enough for that? Are you of the generation that began life in the '80s and was reared in the fond belief that upon it, or rather the male members of it, devolved the duty of reproducing in the flesh the likeness of Frances Hodgson Burnett's little hero—curls, lace collar, sash, velvet breeches, and all? Were you one of the mighty army of Fauntleroys who to this day can turn to the family album and find there photographic proof that they once wore the lace collar and ringlets of the order? These are questions asked by Peter Ware in the New York Evening Post.

The recent return of the Little Lord by way of the screen must have awakened memories, memories that may have made you smile a little and perhaps gave you occasion to marvel how it came to take one that enabled you to grow up and put away childish things. For of all the fads that flourish in childhood's happy hunting ground, the Fauntleroy fad was probably the most detested by those who were its innocent victims. You who have suffered do not have to be reminded of the exquisite pain that accompanied your every appearance in the full Fauntleroy regalia. How you longed to have your hair cut! How you despised that lace collar! How you loathed the sight of velvet breeches! And that sash—how many times were you on the point of ripping it right off and, by that token, declaring your independence forever and forever of all such things Fauntleroyish! Even as you look back on it now there wells up in you a feeling of bitter resentment against a fate which condemned, determined to get you off to a bad start in life and which, if it had lasted or if you had not rebelled against it, might have made of you a perfect mid-Victorian for the rest of your natural days. Is it not so?

Well, then, prepare to receive here and now your belated due. Get ready, if you will, for the formal apology that you have long felt was coming to you. The apology comes from none other than Reginald Birch, the artist, whose sketches of the Little Lord were responsible in no small measure for the wave of Fauntleroyism which all but engulfed the boyhood of the country. Mr. Birch is honestly and heartily sorry. And he wants the veterans of the Order of the Silk Sash and Velvet Breeches to know it. For the past forty years or so, Mr. Birch has been waiting to say something about this. It has preyed upon him. Few artists have lived to see a couple of their own making take hold and become in the end something approaching a national obsession, as did his Fauntleroy. He says he can't imagine how it could happen. "As a matter of fact, I was a very young man when I made those pictures, a mere tyro. When I got the order to illustrate the book it was my first big job. On the Isle of Jersey, where I had spent my boyhood, were many quaint characters, and as I set to work I found myself unconsciously putting some of them into the pictures.

"Well, there was no harm in that, I suppose. They were merely types that I had known and that happened to fit into the book. But when it came to the Little Lord himself, there I was, so to speak, under order. The book called for a Fauntleroy of a certain type, a Fauntleroy who went about dressed as I tried to show him. Mrs. Burnett was responsible for that. You see she had some of her own whom she dressed that way—why, I don't know; and—well, that was the way she wanted her boy to dress, too, to the end of time. I don't suppose anybody had ever seen a Fauntleroy outside of the Burnett family. He was a new one out. As you know, it had a tremendous vogue. Everybody read it and everybody went to see the play, with Elsie Leslie as the Lord. For my part in the proceedings I received a small sum of money and two tickets to the first performance. That was all. But the damage was done. The Fauntleroy rage was started and the boyhood of America began to be turned out as Fauntleroys on the slightest provocation—often without provocation at all.

"I was terrible. You would see them everywhere, poor, helpless boys who never by the wildest stretch of the imagination were intended to look the part, running around in Fauntleroy suits, with ringlets down their backs. I remember seeing one messy, dirty-faced young ex of Coney Island trying to be good true to his Fauntleroys. I shall never forget it. That was years ago. Now people come to me and say, very honestly, the sweet torture they endured in their Fauntleroy days. Men with bald heads step up and say, 'Birch, I may be hairless and fat, but I was once a Fauntleroy,' and here they shake a none too friendly fist in my face. They have never forgiven me. I want them to know that I am sorry, honestly sorry. I didn't mean it. If I had it to do over again—knowing what I know now—I wouldn't do it. Just couldn't. Fauntleroyism is of the past. But the resentment it engendered survives and exists to this day. I can only say that for my part in the undertaking I most humbly apologize."

Rose-Colored Atmosphere.

Reaching a record height of 33,000 feet in an airplane, a Frenchman said he seemed to be flying through a rose-colored atmosphere when at that altitude.

Canada's Share.

The Secretariat of the League of Natiops says that the statement recently published in Canada by Reuter, that Great Britain and the Dominions are bearing more than forty per cent. of the cost of the League is incorrect. The true proportion is twenty-four and one-half per cent. Canada's contribution for next year will be 778,571 francs gold.

In Indian a rainy day is regarded unlucky for a wedding.

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The End of the Season.

I'm one of the old lacrosse boys, a friend of the gutted stick;
I tell you the old game's got me. At times I think I'm sick ;
Of the days that it takes for training, of the games that are carried and lost ;
'Im through," I say, when we put away our sticks with the autumn frost.

But when May comes down on the West Wind, 'tis then that I feel the pang
A: the thought of the fun I'd be missing, and you find me back with the gang.

I've done my stunts in the scorching heat, a heat that no one knows,
Who has not lived for a summer in "Our Lady of the Snows";
I've felt the grass a-frizzle, and I've felt my tongue hang out,
While the sweat on my neck and forehead streaming down like a water-spout;

I've seen the field a-whirling, and never really knew
How I nerved myself for another sprint and stayed till the whistle blew.

There are jolts, and you bet you feel them when you get the body fair—
Some bumps you grow—in the end you call it square;
Maybe you shed a tooth or two; your skin is not always whole;
But it's worth it all when you grab the ball and bang in the winning goal.

You know that the crowd is with you; you can hear the loud-mouthed fan,
"Go down on the home, for the love of Mike," or "Everyone cover a man."
And oh how your blood goes leaping when the boys in the bleachers roar,
"Here in on the nets and break the line—just two more minutes to score."

You have pulled out some by a hair's breadth or you've cracked beneath the strain.
But they still have a thrill in the after years, when you play them over again.

So measure the creases ready, and put the nets in place;
The teams are padded and steady, and the ball is there to face;
I'll be out to do my darndest, if I'm only an also-ran.
For this is the sport of Canada, a game that takes a man.

More Britishers Coming.

A movement of settlers from the British Isles to Canada, limited only by Canada's ability to absorb them, is predicted by W. J. Black, Deputy Minister of the Department of Immigration and Colonization, who has just returned from a trip to the British Isles and Europe in connection with immigration matters. Mr. Black's investigation covered, besides principal points in Britain, such centres as Antwerp, Brussels, The Hague and Warsaw.

"The British people recognize that they face a problem of over-population," said Mr. Black, upon his return to Canada. "The amount of over-population in the British Isles is freely estimated at from ten to fifteen millions and the question of finding for these people a means of livelihood and independence in other countries, preferably within the British Empire, is one which is engaging the keen attention of Canada and can be assured of hearty and effective co-operation in any policy which will help to meet this situation and at the same time ensure to the incoming settler possibilities of bettering his condition."

Subtraction.

Said the pretty young teacher: "Now, children, if you want to subtract one thing from another both must be of the same denomination. You cannot take three apples from four peaches, or two marbles from nine buttons. You must take three apples from four apples, and so on. Do you understand?"

Most of the children understood, or said they did. But little Dick, who lives in the country, raised his hand timidly and said: "Yes, but teacher, couldn't you take three quarts of milk from four cows?"

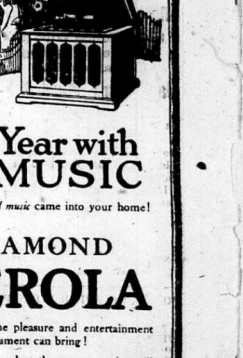
Preferred Algiers.

A bishop was ordered by his physician to spend the winter in Algiers. The divine said it was impossible; he had so many engagements.

"Well, my lord," said the specialist, "it means either Algiers or Heaven."

"Oh, in that case," replied the bishop, "I'll go to — Algiers!"

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



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TWO VICTIMS OF FATE

INNOCENT MEN WHO SUFFERED AT HANDS OF JUSTICE.

Adolf Beck Served Terms for Another Man's Crimes, and the Famous Case of Joseph Lesurques Was Taken as the Subject of a Drama Entitled "The Lyons Mail."

What would you do if you were arrested suddenly on a charge of which you were innocent, and, in spite of your protests, were thrown into jail—to remain there for years?

Amazing as such an occurrence may seem, it is not by any means an impossibility. As a matter of fact, from time to time throughout history, innocent men have been dragged into the toils of the law and have suffered martyrdom at the hands of an unjust fate.

The greatest case was that of Adolf Beck. It is one which will ever remain as a stain on the records of British justice.

One night in the year 1895 Beck, while standing at the door of his house, was approached by a woman who asked him for her watch. Taken aback, he denied all knowledge of it. The woman persisted, and ultimately the pair went to the police station.

From then onwards Beck was in the toils of a relentless fate. A web of circumstances was woven around him. Witness after witness declared he was a man named John Smith, and had in consequence committed a lot of frauds. At the Central Criminal Court Beck was tried and sent to seven years' penal servitude.

The peculiar fact about the case was the mistake in believing Beck to be John Smith. This man, Smith, a number of years previously, had been sentenced for frauds and thefts upon women. Handwriting experts declared that the writing of Beck and Smith was the same, while police officers were emphatic in stating that Beck was the man who had been sentenced under the name of Smith.

Beck began to believe that he was the victim of a conspiracy, in which even his lawyer—who was doing his utmost to prove the man's innocence—was involved. He wrote that it was a wonder he was "by now not a lunatic or a total wreck."

Two years after his sentence the authorities discovered an important item in the description of Smith which proved conclusively that Beck was not the other man; nevertheless it was held that Beck had been convicted of the offence with which he had been charged, and must therefore remain in prison.

After he had been removed to Pentonville, and had served five years, Beck was allowed out on license. Mr. George R. Sims then took up his case, as did most of the newspapers, but in the following year Adolf Beck was re-arrested on information laid by a woman and again tried.

Protesting his innocence, he was again found guilty, but sentence was postponed.

Just prior to this John Smith, the real criminal, had returned to London and started his old deceptions. One of his victims was a young woman, and when she and Beck believed him to be Smith, and made the second charge against him.

A few days before Beck was to receive sentence a police officer paid a visit to Tottenham Court Road police station. He saw one of the prisoners and was immediately convinced he was Smith. Events moved rapidly, and in ten days' time Beck was a free man. He was pardoned and given £4,000 compensation.

The thrilling sequence of unlucky events in the case of Beck was eclipsed years before in France, where a young man named Lesurques was arrested on a charge of murder, found guilty, and sent to the guillotine.

The courier and postillion of the Lyons Mail had been robbed in 1796 and four men were arrested. A man named Guenot was on his way to the murder's trial when he met a friend named Joseph Lesurques, a young and good-looking man of independent means, whom he persuaded to accompany him. When they arrived at the office two country women declared that they were two of the four horsemen who had committed the crime. They were both arrested and stood their trial with the others.

Of the witnesses seven identified Lesurques as one of the four horsemen, and, although the prisoner declared he had never left Paris during the year in which the outrage had been committed, the case against him was very black.

The judge, in delivering his charge, was markedly hostile to Lesurques in particular. The jury found Lesurques guilty along with three others, including a man named Couriol. After the result the latter rose to his feet and declared Lesurques was innocent.

Lesurques went to the scaffold with Couriol and another of the prisoners. On the way Couriol pointed repeatedly to Lesurques and shouted to the crowd: "I am guilty, but Lesurques is innocent."

Before his death Couriol had given the names of the men concerned with him in the murder, and three days later a man named Dubosc and an Italian named Roussi. There was a slight resemblance between Dubosc and Lesurques. Before his execution Roussi denied that he knew Lesurques.

The restitution to Lesurques' family of his fortune which had been confiscated by the state may be taken as a tacit acknowledgment that the sentence was not just. But this atonement was delayed for a number of years. The famous play, "The Lyons Mail," is based on this case.

Flax Straw.

Flax straw formerly thrown away as waste is now successfully used in the manufacture of rugs, carpets and upholstery.

GOOD FISHING.

Captured Two Barrels of Trout in Two Hours.

Sergt. J. E. F. Wight, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, who is stationed at Fort Burwell, Ungava, recently visited a bay in this district which the Eskimos call "Ikubilayok" or Calm Bay, on account of its being well sheltered from the wind by high encircling hills. But let him tell the story himself.

"As it was then quite dark we made camp. Next day being Sunday and raining heavily I did not move about much, but on Monday I visited the natives where I saw the fishing trout. They fish with nets set out in the lake and each woman attending the nets kept a man on shore busy splitting the fish brought in.

"The nets are of a five-inch mesh and only catch the larger fish, and all are of a uniform size. Ford and myself took a small flat boat and went up one of the streams which terminated at a small lake of fresh water about a mile and a half from the bay where we made camp. All the way along, the stream was filled with trout on their way to the lake. The water ranged from eight inches to three feet deep.

"At a shallow place are still the remains of Eskimo fish traps made from stones, which were used previous to their obtaining nets. The traps could well be made serviceable. These traps do not interfere with the trout going up stream, but one can drive the fish among the nets during the tides.

"On my way down from the lake we pulled the flat boat on a reach and caught two barrels of large trout in less than two hours with our hands among the rocks."

Damming Belle Isle.

Construction of the much-mooted dam across the Straits of Belle Isle, which, it is claimed, would, by diverting the Arctic current, make the milder climate of Newfoundland and Eastern Canada as mild as that of Spain, and enable ocean liners to sail up to Montreal the year round, was urged upon Prime Minister Sir Richard Squires by two far-clad Esquimeaux from Labrador, who arrived in St. John's Newfoundland recently. In their interview with Sir Richard they suggested the advisability of building the dam as a means of providing employment, and requested that they be given positions as time-keepers, as they could be depended to tell the time of day during the long Arctic nights. After paying their respects to the Prime Minister they studied the wonderful costumes and near costumes of a musical comedy company, gleaning hints to help their better halves deck themselves for the Easter parade at Makovik. Later they were regretfully informed by the meteorological authorities that the Newfoundland Government would not undertake such a high-flown project, firstly, because it lacked the money, and secondly because the idea that the diversion of the Arctic Current would benefit Canada and the Ancient Colony into a banana belt was as badly exploded as the celebrated Maury myth that the Gulf Stream caused the British Isles to enjoy a mild climate.

So the Esquimeaux bought supplies for their tribes and took the back for the Arctic Circle, with the hope that if the Privy Council fell down on the job of settling the boundary dispute between Labrador and Canada their services would be required.

An Unusual Offence.

On charges of forging alterations to a death certificate and sending a false cablegram to England with intent to alarm or injure Mrs. Esther Williams, Calgary, Alta., and Rev. Abercrombie, England, G. Edwyn Williams, until a short time ago engaged as a minister of the gospel at Dubow, Sask., was committed for trial at the next criminal sittings of the Court of King's Bench by Magistrate MacEachran of Regina. The evidence concerning the cablegram was to the effect that the accused, by sending a false cablegram, endeavored to lead Mrs. Esther Williams, his wife, to believe that he was dead. It read:

"Your husband passed away last night. Heart failure."

The cable was signed by the name "Rev. E. Pickering," a person who, it was claimed by the crown, does not exist.

Montreal's Shipping Season.

The shipping season of the port of Montreal for 1921 was a record one, with a total of 672 transatlantic steamers, having a net tonnage of 2,598,494, and representing an increase of 169 vessels of 577,975, net tons over the 1920 total, and of 105 ships, or 556,856 tons over that of 1919, which was the highest previous year.

Montreal harbor had the longest navigation season this year in all its history, opening March 29 and closing December 11.

The outstanding feature of the trade was the large number of full cargoes of grain carried in addition to the quantities in the regular liners, there being 63 ships fully loaded to the United Kingdom, and 233 to continental ports.

African Railroad.

The British Government has awarded contracts for the construction of a railroad from Nakuru to the Uganda plateau, north of Victoria Nyanza, which will attain the greatest altitude of any railway of the British Empire. Its highest point will be more than 9,000 feet above sea-level. The road will cost $10,000,000, and may later be extended into Uganda, connecting the port of Mombasa with the Cape-to-Cairo route.

Threads of Gold.

Threads of gold used in India for making lace are drawn out so fine that 1,100 yards of it only weigh one ounce.

Habits of Birds That Migrate

Sometimes one stands in amazement at the vast stores of learning that science has garnered, and at other times one is astonished to note some of the apparently simple things of which science is ignorant. To the latter class one must refer the matter of migratory birds. Science knows less about the movement of birds than about the courses of the stars, but science is taking the proper means to inform itself. It is calling upon the general public to give information, just as detectives when they are baffled use the newspapers to urge persons having a knowledge of the particular matter to come forward. Science, as represented in the United States and Canada in this matter by the Biological Survey in Washington, asks all persons interested in the question of migratory birds, whether as naturalists or sportsmen, to contribute to the common stock of ornithological knowledge, and points out that both classes of the community will have a reward.

If a sportsman shoots a bird and finds a metal band on its leg, he is asked to notify the Survey of the fact. The Survey will then turn up its records and find out when and where the bird was banded, and it will notify the person who banded it. As the number of these records increases the Survey will be able to cease guessing about some of the habits of the migratory birds and will speak with authority. The store of knowledge is slowly increasing and enough has been collected to disprove some popular fallacies. For instance, it was thought at one time that wrens mate for life. In 1914 a volunteer co-operator of the Survey trapped and banded a pair of wrens which had a brood, and then turned them loose. Later on trapping operations revealed the surprising fact that the wrens had separated, each choosing a new mate and each bringing up a new brood.

The Department at Washington will supply the bands necessary for those who desire to assist and will also give drawings of traps suitable for capturing the birds. One of the traps is used for ducks, of which whole flocks can be captured and banded without any trouble. It has happened sometimes that banded birds have been trapped; but in the great majority of cases the banded birds are shot. So long as the Survey can keep track of the birds the fact that banded birds are reported dead is not important except to the bird that is killed. The general view of science it has done its bit by permitting a knowledge of its flight. Interesting was the light thrown on the habits of the blue-winged teal as a result of some wholesale banding operations carried on by Mr. H. S. Osler some years ago. He examined and banded 238 ducks in a trap of his own invention at Lake Scugog. Among them were teal, ring necked mallards and black ducks.

Through the Survey he had reports of sixteen per cent. of them. The first were shot in Ontario shortly after having been banded. Others were shot in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky and thence on down the Mississippi to the southern states. In this band could be located by the Survey so that it could be predicted where the next Osler duck would be killed. But the Survey and Mr. Osler were no doubt astonished when they learned that some two months after the banding a blue-winged teal was killed on the island of Trinidad, some 3,000 miles from the spot where it had been caught. During 1921 Mr. Osler banded about 300 ducks, and throughout the winter as the flock goes south he will hear of them. There are altogether some 175 volunteers like Mr. Osler, and the Survey will probably have thousands of reports to digest in the course of the next few months.

The most remarkable report yet received was that of a tern banded in Maine, which was found dead floating in a river in South Nigeria, British West Africa, many years later. Previously it had not been supposed that this species could cross the ocean, and what it is a matter for speculation what route it took, whether it crossed by way of Alaska or flew direct southeast into Africa. So far as the Survey feels at liberty to judge, it believes that ducks from a given breeding ground have their own broadly defined route to the southern feeding grounds and keep clear of the airlines of others, even though they are of the same variety. But it cannot be said what is the life of a given specimen under natural conditions, or whether migratory birds make the same stopovers every year, nor how fast the individuals travel. These questions are important with a view of framing game protection laws and adjusting them to the habits of the birds with a view of preserving any species from extinction. In this respect they are as vital to the fisherman as they are interesting to the naturalist.

Quebec's Industries.

Canadian industry was born in Quebec's settlement and consequent necessity. The thrifty mothers of Canada, to provide clothing for their children, laid the foundation of the textile industry with the spinning wheel and hand loom in the seventeenth century. Hosiery and shoe factories were established in 1666, not above sea-level. The road will cost $10,000,000, and may later be extended into Uganda, connecting the port of Mombasa with the Cape-to-Cairo route.

Threads of gold used in India for making lace are drawn out so fine that 1,100 yards of it only weigh one ounce.

EUROPEAN RUM RUNNERS.

They Have Their Troubles in Sweden Also.

Rum-running into Sweden from Germany has developed into something like a public scandal, says a Swedish newspapers. The broken nature of the coastline and the thousands of small islands dotting the approaches are all in favor of smuggling enterprise.

The craft engaged in this trade are principally fast-sailing schooners, captained as a rule by ex-officers of the imperial German navy. Many of the skippers bear names well known in the records of submarine activity. Their daring and experience makes it very difficult for Swedish coast guards to stop them.

From Reval, Rostock, Stettin, Lubeck and other German ports these vessels put to sea, their cargo always consigned, according to the ship's papers, to some Finnish port. Once among the rocky archipelago of eastern Sweden the cargo is landed piecemeal after nightfall on the rocks, from which it is later removed by accomplices ashore who have a ready-made organization for the inland distribution of the goods.

This illicit traffic is said by Swedish papers to be enormous. The papers are publishing stories daring smugglers and their doings. They remain outside the territorial waters, cruising about until their chance arises to dart in and run out in fast motor boats, often in a heavy gale, tranship the liquor and disappear in the dangerous labyrinth of the archipelago.

Lately the police has started a scheme to beat the rum-runners at their own game. The latter is a police boat, camouflaged as a smuggling craft, boarded a German schooner, picked up by the gunwale from the schooner's hold, unconscious of the fact that the schooner was just outside the territorial limit. When the policemen tried to leave the schooner without paying, the smugglers threatened to throw them overboard and there was nothing for them but to pay for the liquor.

In another case, the correspondent was told, a gale blew up soon after the coast guards had boarded a ship which happened to be within the three-mile limit, and, owing to the dangerous nature of the ship had to put out to sea, taking the Swedish guards away to Germany.

In Sweden and in Finland many of the naval officers who get their living by smuggling and refuse to go fishing and carry on their legitimate trades. In Finland, where total prohibition prevails, conditions are even worse than in Sweden. Fishing there has entirely ceased, it is said, because rum-running is far more profitable business.

Hungarian Crown.

The crown of Hungary is undoubtedly worth the struggle made by former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary to obtain it, being one of the most ancient and most curious of the regal ornaments now in existence.

It is made up of two parts. The first crown was offered by the Pope to Duke Stephen in the year 1000; the second in 1301 by the Emperor Michael to Duke Geisa in 1072.

This latter crown bore a curious inscription which spelled the Duke as King and the Turks. Duke Geisa had the two diamonds welded together, the Papal crown forming the lower part, and the byzantine jewel the upper part.

The dual crown was jealously guarded in the Royal Museum at Budapest and was only used for state, its case for coronation ceremonies. In 1849, in the course of the rising, when Kossuth endeavored to obtain the independence of his country, it came into possession of the royal crown, which he buried at Orsova when he was obliged to seek safety in flight.

The secret, however, was not well kept and the Austrian Government finally discovered the crown in its hiding place.

Origin of Influenza.

The word "influence" appeared first in medical literature as a result form influentia. It was used to denote the manner in which stars and planets were supposed to exact a guiding direction over the affairs of men.

Little by little the original meaning of the word was lost in a more or less mysterious way, and in time it reached its final significance of any power exerted from the outside — a force ranging from "influence at court" to the "influence of liquor."

It is from the astronomical application, however, that we secure the word "influenza"—the Italians, even for a malady caused either by malign planetary influence or atmospheric conditions which were none too well understood even by the men of medicine who gave the disease its title.

National Chinese Dialect.

Chinese scholars and patriots have recently accomplished the onerous task of reducing the ten thousand old Chinese characters to a simple alphabet of thirty-nine symbols. The object, twofold—to enable the entire Chinese population to read and write —hitherto these were scholarly feats —and to enable the inhabitants of the various Chinese provinces to understand each other. The establishment of a national Chinese dialect will go far toward making China a nation.

Count Your Fingers.

"While I do not state dogmatically that Jones is a dishonest man," remarked an acquaintance, "I strongly recommend people who shake hands with him to count their fingers carefully when he lets go."

Ex-Soldiers as Diamond Cutters.

Brighton, England, has a factory where 600 disabled ex-soldiers are learning diamond cutting, and soon there will be accommodations for 800 more.

LORD MOUNT STEPHEN

LAST TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAY BUILDER PASSES.

His Death Recalls These Great Men Who Linked the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and Opened Up the Great West — He Was Relative and Co-worker of the Late Lord Strathcona.

With the recent death in England of Lord Mount Stephen, or as Canada earlier knew him, George Stephen, there passed the last of the great transcontinental railway builders, those strong men who spanned the North American continent with roads of iron, linking the Atlantic to the Pacific. Lord Mount Stephen's co-worker in the construction of the Canadian Pacific, Lord Strathcona, died seven years ago; Samuel J. Hill, the friend of both these men and the moving spirit of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern lines, lived until May, 1916; Collis P. Huntington, Charles Crocker, Mark Hopkins and Leland Stanford of the Central Pacific, all of whom were called the Argonauts of California, and Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Cyrus W. Field and the brothers Austin and Orrin Sperry Chapin, the founders of the Elevated railroads of New York, are all dead.

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Of the Canadian Pacific railway builders, those strong men who spanned the North American continent with roads of iron, linking the Atlantic to the Pacific,

Wilson's Hardware Store

Everything for Skaters

Automobile Skates for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Ankle Supports, Hockey Sticks and Pucks.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

NEAR POST OFFICE

SEYMOUR BROS.' Boot Repair Shop. Try us for reliable workmanship and right prices. Come and see our special Men's Working and Boys' School Boots.

We have installed the Bond Improved Skate Sharpener, a machine made for the sole purpose, which insures accuracy.

Furnace Wood

We have a limited supply of dry hardwood blocks, just right for the furnace, which we can supply while the wood lasts at $5.00 per wagon load. This wood is all under cover, and consists of hard maple, birch, beech and iron wood.

We also have a supply of Purity Flour, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, No. 1 Baled Hay, and many other farmers' supplies.

Chimney Brick for Sale.

The Chas. Stevens Company LIMITED.

Office and Store opposite the Campbell House, Napanee, Ont.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that there is in force in the Town of Napanee a By-Law in respect to the cutting of trees which provides that "no one shall be allowed to cut any trees from the streets and public highways of the Corporation without first getting the consent of the Council, or the Streets Committee," and the By-Law further provides a severe penalty in case of breach of the By-Law. It has been brought to the attention of the Council that in the last few months many beautiful shade trees have been cut and it has been decided that this indiscriminate cutting of trees must be stopped.

BY ORDER.

W. A. GRANGE, Clerk.

Dated Dec. 12th, 1921.

Notice !

A. L. MacDONALD, formerly of Toronto, wishes to announce that he has purchased the Plaza Barber and Tobacco Shop and solicits your patronage. Hot and cold baths.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Sidney Woodcock wishes to tender her thanks to friends and neighbors who so kindly proffered assistance and sympathy in her recent sad bereavement.

Eskimo Pie.

It is a bar of Neilson's Ice Cream with a delicious chocolate coating, neatly wrapped in tin foil. It promises to be even more popular than the ice cream cone. Only 10 cents a bar. Now in stock at Steacy's. 6-ap

Notice.

I pay highest prices for Men's Women's and Children's Second-Hand Clothing. Will call at any address. Drop me a card.

A. L. MOWERS, Napanee, Box 569.

2-cp

The Officers Chosen.

M. N. Empey, Napanee, was elected President of the Dairymen's Association of Eastern Ontario, at the final session of the convention held in the Chateau Laurier, Ottawa. Other officers elected were : W. J. Newman, Lorneville, first vice-president ; W. H. Olmstead, Scarbrough, second vice-president ; James R. Anderson, Mountain View, treasurer ; and T. A. Thompson, Almonte, secretary.

NOTICE

No discount will be allowed to subscribers on telephone rentals if accounts are not paid before the thirty day limit.

Rentals payable at the Royal Bank.

THE LENNOX TELEPHONE CO., Limited.

6-b

ANNUAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Napanee Horticultural Society will be held at the office of Herrington, Warner & Grange, on THURSDAY, THE 12th DAY OF JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

W. S. HERRINGTON, Secretary.

5-b

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Napanee Cemetery Company (Riverside) will be held in the Council Chamber, Napanee, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 24th, 1922

at 2 p.m.

Transaction of general business and election of officers.

E. J. WALTERS, Pres.
Pro tem.
W. H. DUNBAR, Sec'y.

ANNUAL MEETING

of the

LENNOX AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

will be held in the Council Chambers, Napanee, on

THURSDAY, JAN. 19th, 1922

at 2.30 p.m.

Members and all others interested in the welfare of the Society are invited to attend.

The Directors will welcome suggestions and criticisms from any one. 6-b

MAKER'S CUT PRICE STORE

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Extra Special Announcement

I have placed on sale, at greatly reduced prices, my entire $30,000 stock of DR GOODS, LADIES' AND MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WEAR to sell at and below cost prices.

A FEW OF OUR MANY STUNNING BARGAINS

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

Ladies' Fleece Lined Underwear, reg. $1.00, for 75c.
Union Underwear, reg. 75c, for 59c.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, $5.00 for $3.59.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists,—$4.50, for $2.99.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists—$4.00, for $2.50.
Ladies' Sweaters, half price.
Ladies' Night Gowns, from 99c. up.
Ladies' Cotton Hose, 19c.
Ladies' Heavy Hose, $1.00.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Children's Underwear—25c up.
Children's Sweaters—less 50 per cent. off.
Children's Scarfs and Toques $1.25 per set.
Children's Toques—from 10c. up.
Boys' Suits—less 50 per cent.
Children's Hose—15c. up.
Ladies' Corsets from 79c. up.
Ladies' Skirts—50 per cent off.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

Men's Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c.
Men's Handkerchiefs, 2 for 25c.
Men's Underwear, fleece lined, 75c. and $1.00.
Men's Underwear, wool, 90c up.
Men's Socks, 5 pair for $1.00.
Men's Shirts, fine, 90c. up.
Men's Shirts, every day, 75c up.
Men's Suits, and Pants, less 50 per cent. off.
Men's Caps, less 50 per cent. off
Men's Sweaters, less 50 per cent. off.
Men's Ties, from 15c. up.

DRY GOODS and SMALLWEARS DEPARTMENT

Thread, 200 yards, 5c per spool
Mercerized, 10c. a spool.
Yarn for sweaters, not for $1.00, but 8 big balls for $1.00.
Flannelette, 27 inch, colored, 15c.
Print, light, 15c.
Print, dark, 20c.
Cotton, grey, 10c. and 15c. per yard.
No. 1 Blankets, 12 x 4, $2.75.
No. 1 Blankets, 11 x 4, $2.25.
No. 1 Blankets, 10 x 4, $1.75.

M. MAKER, - Proprietor.

MAYOR GRAHAM'S ADDRESS TO COUNCIL

Napanee, Jan. 9th, 1922

The Municipal Council,
Town of Napanee,

Gentlemen :—

Your fellow citizens have honored you by selecting you as their municipal representatives for the year 1922.

I would like to congratulate you upon your selection, and at the same time I would impress upon you the fact that in accepting office you have assumed large responsibilities. Knowing each of you I am confident that you will discharge your duties in a manner that will meet with the approval of your electors, and that the affairs of the town will be looked after in an honest and able manner.

In view, not only of local conditions, but taking a wider view of affairs, it should be a year of retrenchment. Only those works that are absolutely necessary should be undertaken. I believe in following this course you will best satisfy the taxpayers.

Each committee has its own part of the work to look after and I would like to outline briefly the most important matters that will engage the attention of the several committees during the coming year.

FINANCE COMMITTEE. — The most important work for this committee is to prepare the estimates at as early a date as possible, to watch closely the expenditures of each committee, and to see that the different committees do not overspend their appropriations. Every effort should be made to make the tax rate as low as possible, and I feel confident that a reduction can be made over last year's rate, providing nothing of an unforseen nature arises. It is the duty of the Chairman of Finance to check all pay lists, countersign all checks, and to carefully direct the expenditures of the town's money. As soon as the alterations at the Water Power Plant are completed debentures should be issued covering the expenditure.

STREETS COMMITTEE. — The roads within the town are in a fair state of repair. All that should be required to keep them in good order during the coming year is a little re-surfacing. During the past year Centre street and John street were oiled, and Bridge street was not treated in a like manner. In comparing the streets that were oiled with those that were not oiled, you must of necessity have been convinced that oiling pays. Centre and John streets came through the year in good shape, while Bridge street soon went to pieces. I would strongly advise the oiling of streets at an early date in the year, and if necessary oil some of them a light coat of oil later in the season. By following this policy the water sprinklers can practically be eliminated. To properly take care of the pavement on Dundas street a proper plan of flushing and cleaning must be established. This should be one of the first problems to be dealt with by this committee.

FIRE WATER AND LIGHT.— The question of new hose and additions to fire fighting appliances should be taken up with the Fire Chief at an early date. The town has been remarkably free of bad fires, but no one knows at what moment we may need to have our Fire Department equipped with the proper appliances for meeting a large conflagration.

When the work at the Waterworks Plant is completed, this committee, acting with the Utilities Commission, should immediately approach the Fire Underwriter's Association with the object in view of having the town's insurance rates lowered. Taking into consideration the fact that we will have one of the best waterworks plants in Ontario, when this work is completed, there should be no difficulty in convincing the Fire Underwriter's that Napanee is entitled to a better rating for fire insurance.

There are still a few back yards in the business section that are not properly lighted. This matter should be energetically dealt with as there is no better protection than plenty of light in these parts of the town.

PRINTING AND BY-LAWS—To make arangements for the necessary printing and to see that all by-laws are promptly and correctly prepared is the duty of this committee.

TOWN PROPERTY COMMITTEE—During the past year a considerable effort was made to improve the appearance of the east entrance to the town. The completion of the retaining wall and the filling in along the north side of the river, west of the bridge should be completed at as early a date as possible. There is a very good situation at this point for a park, and the completion of this undertaking will add materially to this part of the town.

The island, or filled space, at the east end of Dundas street should be seeded, and possibly arrangements could be made with the Horticultural Society to lay out flower beds, and in other ways beautify this spot.

The heating plant in the town hall is worn out and a new heating system should be installed at once. Care should be taken in this work and a small expenditure to secure expert advice as to the proper system to be installed would undoubtedly be warranted.

The roof on the town hall is in a bad state of repair and this committee should take this question up early in the year.

Vast improvements have been made at the Disposal Works during the past three years, and some special attention should be paid to the filtration beds during the coming year. The question of removing some of the top material from the beds, and the addition of new material should be considered. The caretaker should regularly scarify the filtration beds and clean the sedimentation tanks and sludge wells.

POOR AND SANITARY COMMITTEE.—Unfortunately there are a considerable number of men out of work at the present time in Napanee, and from the present outlook this condition may become worse. Apparently there is no corporation work to be initiated at this season of the year to relieve this situation, and it undoubtedly will be necessary to give a certain amount of assistance to those who are in need of the necessaries of life. This committee should co-operate with the police and carefully investigate all applications for assistance.

During the past year an effort was made to persuade the Provincial Government to continue reducing the grade at Roblin's hill. The Minister has not definitely refused this request and a further effort along these lines might have the result of getting this work started at an early date. This work is not alone necessary to reduce this hill to the proper grade, but it would also provide work for the unemployed. I would strongly urge that the Department of Highways be approached at an early date, and every effort be made to persuade the department to start work on this project this winter.

These are a few of the questions that will engage your attention during the coming year. There will be other matters arise which will demand your careful consideration and I feel sure that if we all pull together, and the spirit of co-operation be continued as in the past, there will be no question but that the town's affairs will be taken care of in a satisfactory manner.

In closing I only have to say that I earnestly solicit your support during the coming year, and can assure you that any assistance I can render to you in the carrying out of your respective duties will be gladly given.

Yours sincerely,
MARK D. GRAHAM,
Mayor of Napanee.

Do You Skate ?

Then provide yourself with a pair of the famous Automobile Skates, light and durable, the last word in comfort. Steel ankle supports also in stock, at

WILSON'S Hardware.

Aid Offered by Province.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—The Drury Government, minus Mr. Drury, yesterday announced its decision to co-operate with the municipalities of the province in taking care of those who through no fault of their own, are unable to secure employment, and, as a result, are destitute. The decision was conveyed to representatives of the municipalities during the course of a conference, attended by an official of the federal government, who came with assurances that the dominion would do its share.

DO YOU KNOW

that because of the Deltor enclosed with Butterick Patterns, and with Butterick Patterns only, you buy 4¼ to 4½ yard less, a saving of 50c. to $10 on material for every frock ?

DO YOU KNOW

that the Deltor guides you in putting your garment together so that you attain the elusive fit, drape and finish of an expert ?

BEFORE you plan a single new thing—come in and select from the latest Parisian fashions. The Deltor simplifies the making of the most intricate gowns and suggests the correct fabrics.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week meeting for prayer and bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Monday, Jan. 16th — Sunday School Party. Members of the Sunday School meet at 6 p.m. Parents and friends invited to come at 7.30 p.m. Silver collection for expenses.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
The Sunday school and bible class at close of morning service.
Sunday, 7.00—Evening worship.
The pastor will conduct both services.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer and praise service.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

The pastor will conduct both services.
Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
Sunday, 11.45—Sunday School and adult classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week service.

Stoves ! Stoves !

Steel and metal Ranges, Quebec Heaters. Also a number of second-hand Coal Heating stoves. Get our prices on these goods.

WILSON'S Hardware.

Concert.

At 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, January 11th, 1922, a concert will be held in the Sunday school room of St. Mary Magdalene Church, for the **Home Missions.** Songs, recitations, marches, and dialogues, with a play, "Sally Lunn." Not a moment's drag to anyone. Admission, children, 15c, adults, 25c.

Fatally Injured.

Arthur Hicks, son of William Hicks, Jr., was injured while felling a tree at Kenora, Ont., on Dec. 1st, and passed away the following day from the injuries received. The deceased was twenty-one years of age, and had been a bandsman in the Salvation Army band for six years. He was buried at Kenora. The late Mr. Hicks leaves a number of relatives in Napanee to mourn his sudden and untimely death.

New Business—New Groceries—New Prices.

At J. M. Hugh's grocery store, across the river. Good black tea at 3 lbs. for $1.00 ; 6½ lbs. rolled oats for 25c. ; 3 lbs. rice for 25c. ; sugar at $7.15 per cwt. We have the Gold Medal Tea with china cup and saucer, free. Cooking figs at 2 lbs. for 25c. ; prunes 2 lbs. for 25c. ; fresh dates, 2 lbs. for 35c. Lemons, oranges, grape fruit, Northern Spy apples, etc., at lowest prices.

J. M. HUGHS,
South Napanee.

6-d

The Late G. W. Boyes.

George Walter Boyes, youngest son of the late Robert Boyes, passed away quite suddenly on Friday afternoon. Mr. Boyes had been ill for some weeks, and in poor health for over a year. For a number of years he carried on a grocery business on John street, until ill health forced him to give it up. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon from his late residence. The members of the Oddfellows' and Foresters' lodges attended in a body to pay their last respects to a deceased brother. Besides his widow he leaves four brothers, Messrs. J. L. Boyes, Napanee ; W. E. Boyes, Montreal ; A. R. Boyes, California ; and C. H. Boyes, Kingston ; and one sister, Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson, Napanee.

A Real Pleasant Evening.

A jolly time was given the young people on Friday evening, when Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy, Bridge street, gave a dance for their daughter, Helen. Mrs. Davy wore a becoming gown of brown tricolette, heavily beaded, and her charming daughter was attired in blue silk. The drawing room was gay with spring flowers, while the living room and the dining room had the ever attractive Christmas decorations ; all three being given to the dancers, and although there were ninety guests, at no time did the rooms seem crowded. The two dainty little girls in pale blue and pink, who gave out the programmes, were greatly admired, and came in for their share of the dances. An orchestra in the hall furnished excellent music, the "Mistletoe" waltz being perhaps the most popular. Delicious refreshments were served by the boys, the young son of the house assisting. Dancing was resumed, the guests leaving after a most delightful evening.

Prof. Roy Again This Week.

For the first time in the history of the Historical Society a lecturer has been requested to return again the same season to lecture upon the same subject. Everyone who heard Prof. Roy in November on the Silesian question was so well pleased with his address that it was the unanimous request of all those present that he return in January and give another address along the same lines. This he has consented to do on Friday, January 13th. Prof. Roy is a soldier and a scholar of repute, the author of "Pole and Czech in Selesia" and was a member of the Inter-Allied Commission appointed to find a solution of one of the most difficult problems in the reconstruction of Central Europe. Everyone who professes to keep pace with the events of the day should hear this address delivered and it will be with the personal experiences of the lecturer. Remember the date, Friday, January 13th. Everyone is welcome, and no admission fee is charged.

"When I began taking Tanlac I only weighed 98 pounds. Now I weigh 125 pounds and never felt better in my life," says Mrs. Chas. Peden, of Huntsville, Ala. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WONDERLAND

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Wm Fox presents Wm. Russell in his latest picture, "COLORADO PLUCK."

Also a two-reel Larry Semon Comedy, "THE STAGE HAND."

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

SPECIAL—Douglas Fairbanks at his best in "THE MOLLYCODDLE."

Also next episode of "THE DIAMOND QUEEN."

And Joe Martin in a two-reel Comedy, "A TRAY FULL OF TROUBLE."

This is some show don't miss it.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

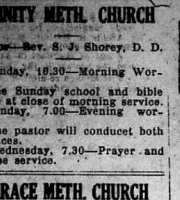
Big Double Show.

First National Pictures present your favorite, Constance Talmadge, in "WEDDING BELLS."

Also a 6-reel special, "THE INVISIBLE DIVORCE."

And a 2-reel Capitol Comedy.

Regular Admission.



THE studious care given by us in following our client's instructions is certain to result in arrangements in harmony with the desires of those who employ us.

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Breakfast, 6.30.
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Special Price for Meals 45 Cents.

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FIRST-CLASS COOKING GOOD SERVICE

We sell Combination Meal Tickets $5.50 worth for $5.00.

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EAST-END BARBER SHOP

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We specialize in Battery work of all descriptions, and have the most up-to-date charging and repairing equipment. Bring your Batteries to us for winter storage. We will keep them and turn them back to you in the Spring fully charged and ready for another year's service. We are distributors of the famous Exide Battery, the most reliable find best battery on the market.

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NEW HOME or FARM BUILDINGS

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Plans and Estimates Free

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The Home of Perfect Pictures
2 Machines. No Waits.
NOTE THE CHANGES MADE FOR YOUR COMFORT

Good Shows all This Week

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Nothing Else is Aspirin—say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances? Accept only an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains directions worked out by physicians during 21 years and proved safe by millions for Colds, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and Pain. Made in Canada.

All druggists sell Bayer Tablets of Aspirin in handy tin boxes of 12 tablets, and in bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

Pittsburg defeated Galt intermediates, 8 to 2.

Ulster may come into an All-Ireland Union.

France denies charges made by Chita Mission.

The Prince of Wales was welcomed at Rangoon.

More deaths from rioting take place in Belfast.

President Ebert says Germany will hold to democracy.

Cannes Conference to discuss two reparation solutions.

Dr. J. D. Bissonette of Stirling is dead, aged about 70.

Man suspected of murder in Toronto is the wrong man.

Toronto city, Scarboro' and Pickering carry radial bylaws.

Frank Barrieau, Toronto, outpointed Jack Perry, Brantford.

J. R. Gemmill, sheriff of Kent for a quarter of a century, is dead.

"Bill" Tate was awarded the decision over Harry Wills on a foul.

Montreal Harbor Commission ceases to exist after nine years.

Ray Lowndes broke the Canadian 25 yards speed swimming record.

"Jimmy" Moorecraft won the Bloor-Bathurst modified marathon.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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Barrister, Etc.

57 Queen St., West TORONTO

A man well known in Toronto society is arrested on charge of fraud.

Gladys Valera is dead, won the United States ladies' 440 yards skating title.

Two gunmen were arrested in Toronto in act of hold-up identified as robbers of grocer.

Quebec Liberals may seek for the restoration of Knighthood and other honors for Canadians.

Acetylene plant in North Morningston Presbyterian Church blows up and the caretaker and pastor are injured.

WEDNESDAY.

France accepts rules for subs. if war breaks.

Russia and Finland are getting ready to fight.

Wheat dropped 7½ cents in the Chicago market.

-Prince of Wales' visit is a defeat for Indian rebels.

Newfoundland will bounce the building of schooners.

Robert Direct won the 2.10 pace at Dufferin Park, Toronto.

Rain and hail killed 17 people in New York since Christmas.

Briand of France will agree to modify reparations payments.

Kingston harbor icebound three weeks earlier than last year

Secretary of Toronto elected the Harvard hockey team 6 to 1.

Windsor Collegiate Institute boys being trained in first aid work.

Argonauts defeated the Granite seniors, 7 to 1, at Hanlan's, 11 A. fixture.

Rev. Alex. White, Baptist pastor at Renfrew, dies after a week's illness.

A coroner's jury at Toronto passes strong censure on police of county.

Rev. J. J. Elliot, pastor of Knox Presbyterian Church, Midland, drops dead.

Two aviators were killed at Pensacola, Fla., when their plane crashed to earth.

Ontario's population is 2,929,054, a growth of 401,762, or 15.89 per cent. in ten years.

Dr. A. W. Wakefield, of Lake Megantic, Que., to join British Mount Everest expedition.

Increased taxes on liquor passed to public by Ontario Legislatures. The price of whiskey goes up.

Five were badly hurt and several others were injured in an auto-bus crash on the Toronto-Hamilton highway.

Seven survivors of the crew of the fishing schooner Rene Deemers, of St. Pierre, Mf., have been picked up by U. S. steamer Hudson.

Ladies Mary and Elizabeth Byng, grandnieces of the Governor-General, operated the switch which made the first two Canadian nickels.

THURSDAY.

Hamilton defeated Canadiens by 4 to 3.

St. Patrick's beat Ottawa Senators, 3 to 2.

Preston intermediates defeated Ayr, 5 to 2.

An ice bridge has formed below Niagara Falls.

High position officials accused of liquor plot.

Experts finish work at Washing on on naval terms.

Arms parley nearing close; plenary session soon.

Sugar drops half a cent a pound in wholesale market.

Province of Ontario borrows $15,000,000 in New York.

De Valera moves proposals as amendment to treaty.

Parties in Great Britain are lining up for general elections.

Exhibition at Toronto of Canadian-made toys planned for next month.

William Young, veteran C. P. R. employe, dies suddenly at Renfrew.

Hon. E. Lapointe denies story that Quebec Liberals desire reissuance of titles.

Preventive officers locate place where they believe stills were manufactured.

Overwhelming majority against women ministers being voted by Methodists.

Peace is restored in North Belfast. Lenine's power in Russia reaffirmed by Reds.

Toronto Separate School Board may not appoint members to Board of Education.

Petition by Moderation League in Manitoba asks for referendum on Government control.

The little son of J. K. Kellar of Wilton, near Kingston, chokes to death on apple peel.

Jack Britton will meet Jack Perry on Jan. 27, for the welterweight championship of the world.

Daughters of Ontario to give Galt kindergarten scholars half pint of milk daily, and note results.

Captain Munro of Nova Scotian schooner Alexandra, swims through icy waters to the shore with a lifeline and saves the crew.

FRIDAY.

Hamilton is to have a civic golf course.

Aura Lee defeated Kitchener seniors, 6 to 3.

Typhus is spreading in wake of Russian famine.

Stratford Midgets lost for the first time in four years.

Fire at Hartlepool, England, did £1,000,000 damage.

Australia restores preference tariff for South Africa.

A professional soccer league is advocated in Hamilton.

Peace Committee is seeking basis to break Irish deadlock.

Prof. Langford resigns as Registrar of Victoria College.

Movement in St. Thomas to stop "plumping" in elections.

Five boys were rescued from an ice floe in the Hudson river.

Cannes Conference will reduce the German payments in cash.

J. R. Blake, Galt police magistrate, made magistrate for county.

Archie B. McCoig, M. P. for Kent, has been appointed to the Senate.

A son of the Earl of Jellicoe may wed the heiress to the Dutch throne.

Bert Merson re-elected as president of District Trades Council, Toronto.

Inquest results Chas. Isaac, hand worked behind killing of Amaro at Toronto.

Wm. Owen, 20 years of age, hangs himself in a barn in Ashfield township.

Norfolk Telephone Co. and its subscribers agree to new schedule of rates.

Use of subs against commerce ships banned by Washington Conference.

Dr. E. E. Campbell, Alexandra Bay, dies about 24 hours after his second marriage.

Trustee Douglas is unanimous choice as chairman of the Tronoto Board of Education.

Chicago bandits murder bank president while fleeing after robbing safe; capture $12,000 loot.

London Builders' Exchange will ask unions for voluntary wages reduction to stimulate work.

Mrs. Mary Ann MacAuley, daughter of an Indian chief, died at Kamloops, B.C., aged 132 years.

SATURDAY.

John O'Neill, M.P.P. for South Toronto, is dead.

De Valera resigns Irish Presidency, but has strong on it.

Seven thousand armed hooligans said to be in Belfast.

Supreme Council of Allies calls Economic Conference.

Delegates to European Financial Conference to meet in Genoa.

Viscount Ishii, ambassador, Prime Minister of Japan, dies in Tokio.

A boy on a sleigh plunges to death over a river bank at Toronto.

Toronto's assessment has increased $221,181,878 in ten years.

Argonauts lose to the University of Toronto senior eight, 12 to 0.

New Brunswick Government considering control of liquor sale.

Health of the province has shown great improvement during 1922.

Skidding automobile crushes woman to death against pole at Toronto.

Rev. Francis Chisholm, veteran Methodist minister, dies at Phillipsville.

Louis Philippe Sirois, noted Quebec notary and Laval professor, is dead.

The Western Ontario Interscholastic Basketball Association has been formed.

Maj. Glen succeeds Col. Gordon as officer commanding Camp Borden Air Station.

Hamilton contractors pledged to take discounts to help restore normal trade.

Niagara District Grape Growers, Ltd., made gross turnover of $892,206 in 1921.

New Brunswick to issue $1,800,000 bonds for Hydro development and highways.

Archbishop Thornelce of Algoma highly honored on 25th anniversary of consecration.

Joint International Commission recommends building of St. Lawrence waterway.

Galt intermediates, Ontario champions, won their first game of the season from Woodstock, 8 to 5.

MONDAY.

British troops to quit Ireland shortly.

The Dail Eireann adopts Anglo-Irish treaty.

De Valera resigns Presidency of Irish Republic.

Several tragic deaths at Montreal over week-end.

Ottawa defeated Canadiens at Montreal, 4 to 2.

Allied Supreme Council summons Germans to Cannes.

Genoa Conference to aid trade revival in mid-Europe.

Washington Conference bans use of poison gas in war.

John C. Cutler, Hamilton, drops dead while shaving.

Woodstock, Ont., had one burglary during the year 1921.

Recount granted in Port Arthur-Kenora Federal election.

Liberals to prosecute protest against election in Kingston.

Ex-Mayor Joseph Oliver of Toronto dies after a lengthy illness.

The oldest Masonic lodge in Toronto celebrates its 100th birthday.

Re-urned soldier taken by death while worshipping in auto chapel.

The University of Toronto senior basket-ball team lost to Syracuse, 20 to 15.

Four persons were hurt while coasting on High Park (Toronto) slides.

Labor convention may change whole political organization of the movement.

Judge Landis has made an amendment to the major-minor draft agreement.

St. Patrick's defeated Hamilton, 5 to 2, and are tied for the N. H. L. leadership.

Falling in front of 254 Jarvis street, Toronto, on Saturday night, Miss Jennie Greer fractured her leg.

Tough Nut to Crack.

MELLILLA, Morocco, Jan. 9.—The Spanish troops in the region of Mellilla are now engaged in operations in the territory belonging to the Beni-Sidel tribe, whose fortified measures 324 square kilometers, over which are dispersed a total of 11,000 inhabitants.

There are many strategic positions in this territory—among them Ishafen, Talusit, Imarufen, Texdra, Kebir and Ras Medua—each of which is liable to bring about a clash of arms.

110 Miles In 108 Minutes.

ST. THOMAS, Jan. 9. — On the Canadian division of the Michigan Central Railway on Saturday, "The Detroiter" made the 110 miles journey from Bridgeburg to St. Thomas in 108 minutes.

The train consisted of 12 cars, and was one of the heaviest that has been handled in months.

"COLD IN THE HEAD"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio

TREATY WAS RATIFIED

Majority of Seven Votes for the Irish Free State.

Prayers of Thanksgiving Offered In All Churches In Ireland Over the Result—Eamon de Valera, the Spanish "President," Aided by American Money, Will Try to Disrupt Erin With Sham Republic.

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The treaty of peace with Great Britain was ratified on Saturday night by the Dail Eireann, by a vote of 64 to 57.

The closing hour of the debate was marked by the most sensational incidents of the entire session of the Dail. As Collins put it in a short speech following the vote, "I listened to the scandalous attacks here tonight that I never thought my friends would stand, but that is not important now."

Prayers of thanksgiving went up from the people in all the churches Sunday, but Ireland continues to face internal disorganization, giving rise to the greatest anxiety.

It has become apparent that Eamon de Valera's resignation as President of the Republic did not take an official form and the outstanding question is whether he will make effective his expressed intention to resign, and if he does not what will become of the Dail. Many believe that the opponents of the treaty plan to keep the Sinn Fein Parliament in being, while the supporters of the treaty endeavor to establish a provisional Government and carry out the terms of the peace agreement.

Subsequently de Valera summoned a meeting Sunday, excluding those fined to the fifty-seven deputies who voted against the treaty, and at the Mansion House, prior to the private session of the Dail, he delivered a speech which was a clear indication of his intention to continue the fight, and apparently no one will recognize the British Government, but against the provisional Government of the Irish Free State, which, he said, he regards as illegal, although not to which the chief objection is that it derives its authority from the British Parliament.

Large crowds assembled outside the Mansion House to witness the arrival of Eamonn de Valera and other supporters in the Dail Eireann, when they met for a consultation with regard to the future.

Prior to the private meeting de Valera talked with newspaper men. "Let no man say," said de Valera, "that the Irish people have self-determined themselves within the British Empire as British subjects. The heart of the Irish people is as Republican to-day as ever. The splendid opportunity of securing a lasting peace between two great countries, one of which has been the mother country of Australia and Canada, and in a large part of the United States, has been definitely lost once more by the triumph of British force over reason and right. The heart of Ireland is absolutely for complete independence."

Ireland shall have the same constitutional status in the British Empire as the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa.

Ireland shall be known officially as the Irish Free State, with a Parliament having powers for the government of the country, and an executive responsible to that Parliament.

A provisional government is to be set up, to function until an Irish Parliament and a Government of the Irish Free State shall be conducted, but not longer than twelve months.

The treaty stipulates that a representative of the crown shall be appointed for Ireland in the same manner as the Governor-General of Canada.

Ireland is given control over all governmental affairs and is entitled to an army which shall, however, not be larger in proportion to the male population than the British army is to the population of Great Britain.

One of the first steps, by virtue of ratification by the Dail, will be the withdrawal of the British forces from Ireland.

Ulster is included within the scope of the treaty, but provision is made for her to declare herself, but within one month after an act of the British Parliament ratifying the treaty, and to continue under the present régime, as provided in the Government Act in 1920. In that case, however, a boundary commission is to be named to determine the boundary between Northern Ireland and the rest of Ireland.

Canadian Trade Outlook.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The prospects for Canadian trade overseas are more hopeful, according to the summary of trade inquiries published in last week's issue of the Commercial Intelligence Journal. In this issue there are 65 inquiries, of which 15 are for foodstuffs, 17 for hardware, machinery and metals; 19 for pulp, paper, timber and manufactures thereof, and the balance for miscellaneous products.

No Burglary All Year.

WOODSTOCK, Jan. 9.—The chief of police in his report for the year states that not a single place of business has been burglarized since January, 1921, despite the fact that the police in their rounds have found no fewer than 224 doors left unlocked by careless proprietors or employes.

Better Than Sponges.

The loofah is declared by a French surgeon, to be superior to brushes for surgical cleansing. Pads about four inches square can be cut, and readily sterilized, and can be so packed in a box as to be automatically supplied one at a time. These sheets of vegetable sponge are stated to bear sterilization better than brushes, to cleanse better, and to act in a gentler and more even manner.

Do Doors Talk?

Little girl—"Mother, do doors talk?"

Mother—"No, dear; why do you ask?"

Little girl—"Cause I heard you tell Mary to answer the door."

SEEKING HIS FATHER

Brave 15-Year-Old Youth Will Lead Expedition.

Minnesota State Commissioner Has Been Missing for Twelve Days and His Son Has Started on Ice-breaker to Thunder Bay to Search for Him—Second Effort Made to Locate James Mahar.

FORT WILLIAM, Ont., Jan. 9.—To find his father, dead or alive, fifteen-year-old Donald Mahar heads a second relief expedition standing by in Fort William, due to start out this week for the barren isles of Thunder Bay, where James Mahar, Minnesota, State Commissioner at Grand Portage, is lost in an open motor boat in which he started out to navigate a passage from Cloud Bay to Port Arthur twelve days ago. His first enterprise failing last week, young Donald vowed he would keep up the search until he could bring definite news to his mother at Grand Portage, and this week he set out on the ice-breaking tug Strathmore for the mid-winter cruise among the dangerous channels that lie along the northeast shore of Lake Superior between Fort William and the Minnesota boundary.

Word has been despatched to the Minnesota Government at St. Paul requesting permission to hire the tug Strathmore of the Great Lakes Transportation Company, which now has steam up ready to start on receipt of instructions.

When Donald heard that his father, who had sailed in the launch U-75 from Grand Portage to visit his brother at Port Arthur, a voyage of 60 miles, had reached Cloud Bay on Dec. 29, but had not been heard from after leaving that place, he at once organized a search party composed of Jack Mahar, uncle; Steve Rose, Stanley Strom, at Cloud Bay. They hired a 60-foot motor boat, put out into the lake, but, meeting a heavy sea, ran ashore on Spar Island, ran short of gasoline and were finally beaten back to the original starting point.

Undaunted, Donald and Strom embarked over a horse, rode to Grand Portage, told his mother the situation, sledded back to Cloud Bay and then set out on foot for Port Arthur, a distance of 30 miles. His legs carried him to the outskirts of Port William in weather running from 5 to 20 below zero, when he was able to signal a passing farmer and get a lift by cutter to the home of his uncle, Jack Mahar, Simpson Twin Point. The pilot, who he hoped would help him in the hunt for his father.

GEORGE TILLSON DEAD.

Son of the Man Who Founded Tillsonburg.

TILLSONBURG, Ont., Jan. 9.—Tillsonburg citizens received a shock when they learned of the sudden death of Caleb Augustus Tillson, senior in his 61st year. A few days ago Mr. Tillson contracted a heavy cold which developed into pneumonia, passing away Saturday afternoon.

Deceased was the senior member of the family, and son of the late Mr. Tillson, founder of the town after whom the town received its name. After the death of their father the two surviving brothers, E. and George, carried on the Tillson Milling Company, comprising four large concerns—flour mill, pea mill, feed mill and oatmeal mill. Mr. Tillson was president of the Tillson estate, the Tillson Company and the Tillsonburg Waterworks Company, Ltd. He was a native of Tillsonburg and received his early education in Dundas. He had been a member of the Town Council for several terms, Hydro Commission, etc., and the public school, one of the finest in the province, was constructed under his supervision. He was a member of Otter Lodge, No. 50, I.O.O.F. He leaves a widow and one son to mourn his loss.

JOSEPH OLIVER DEAD.

Oddfellows of North America Mourn Grand Sire.

TORONTO, Jan. 9. — Mr. Joseph Oliver, Grand Sire of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows of North America, twice mayor of Toronto and a former president of the Canadian National Exhibition, died in Welesley Hospital Sunday morning. For months Mr. Oliver had suffered from a malady of the heart, and during the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in Toronto, last September, it was only his determination of spirit that enabled him to carry out his exacting duties.

The late Mr. Oliver, who was of Irish descent, was born at Erin, Ont., in 1852, and therefore was in his 70th year. He had, however, lived in Toronto since he was three years old, was educated and had his business interests in Toronto, and was identified with its life in varied forms. For many years past he had been president of the Toronto Exhibition, holding this office at the time of his death. His first entry into public life was in 1889, when he was elected a member of the Board of Control in 1903. He was also elected Controller of Toronto, defeating G. R. Geary, K.C., now Corporation Counsel, and the late Dr. Beattie Nesbitt. He was re-elected the following year, when his opponent was the late Thomas Davies, and retired voluntarily on completing his second term. While mayor he laid out Exhibition land in company with the late R. T. Coady, City Treasurer, to negotiate the sale of a substantial block of land for factories, and while in London had the honor of being entertained at the Mansion House by the Lord Mayor. He was the first mayor of Toronto to draw a contract for public-owned and developed Hydro power from the Canadian side of Niagara Falls, and his shrewd efforts to come to an agreement with the Toronto Electric Light Company for the acquisition of the company's plant by the city will be recalled. The late Mr. Oliver was distinguished in his public career by his tenacity of purpose, and even his opponent always credited him with a sincere desire to serve the interests of the citizens.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Manitoba Wheat (in store Ft. William)

No. 1 northern, $1.24½.
No. 2 northern, $1.21½.
No. 3 northern, $1.18½.

Manitoba Oats (in store Ft. William)

No. 2 C.W., 51¾c.
No. 3 C.W., 47¾c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 52¾c.

Manitoba Barley (in store Ft. William)

No. 3 C.W., nominal.

American Corn (Track, Toronto, prompt shipment).

No. 2 yellow, 69c.
No. 3 yellow, 68c.
No. 4 yellow, 67c.

Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside).

No. 2 white, nominal.

Ontario Wheat (F.o.b. Shipping Points, According to Freights.)

Nominal.

Barley (According to Freights Outside)

No. 3 extra, 57c to 60c.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside)

No. 2, 78c to 80c.

Rye.

No. 2, 84c to 86c.

Manitoba Flour.

First patents, $7.50.
Second patents, $7.

Ontario Flour (Prompt shipment).

90 per cent. patent, $6.

Millfeed (Car lots delivered.)

Bran, per ton, $26 to $27.
Shorts, per ton, $28 to $29.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, Jan. 9.—Live stock receipts at the Union Stock Yards for the week ending today were 1,128 cattle, 2,401 calves, 217 hogs, 1,512 sheep, 674.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Cattle receipts, 300; compared with a week ago best steers mostly 50c to 75c higher; spots up more; fat she stock 25c to 50c higher; some light heifers up more; canners and cutters, 10c to 25c higher; bulls 50c higher; veal calves mostly 25c lower; heavy calves unevenly higher; stranded light butchers and feeders, steady to strong; others weak. Hogs, 4,000; largely 15c to 40c higher than Friday's average; light and light butchers up most; few late sales of heavy and heavy mixed weak; steady good clearance top, $4.70 for 130 to 180-lb. hogs, bulk, $4.60 to $4.50; pigs, 25c to 35c higher; up to $4.85.

Sheep, 2,500; to-day's receipts all packers direct or on through billing to the east; compared with a week ago, fat lambs 25c higher; fat ewes, sheep and yearlings, 50c to 75c up; feeder lambs, quotably 25c higher.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, Jan. 9.—Cattle, 200; unchanged.

Calves, 100; $50c lower; $3 to $13.

Hogs, 2,400; 25c to 50c higher; heavy, $4 to $4.65; mixed, $4 to $4.35; yorkers, $3.80 to $3.75; mixed, $3 to $3.25; pork, $2.50 to $3.75; light to do. and pigs, $3.75 to $10; roughs, $4.25 to $4.50; stags, $3 to $3.50.

Sheep and lambs, 1,000; generally 50c higher; lambs, $6 to $14; feeding, $5 to $11.50.

A Mysterious Murder.

MONTREAL, Jan. 9.—So far no clue has been found to the murder on Friday night of Raoul Delorme, half-brother of Rev. Father J. A. Delorme, of the Catholic student, a student of the University of Ottawa. He was shot twice through the head, which was enveloped in napkins to prevent bleeding, and was carried in an automobile to Notre Dame de Grace, where his body was left in a lonely spot. It was found frozen stiff on Saturday morning. Robbery is given as the motive of the crime, not a cent being found on the body and a watch and chain being missing. Father Delorme states that, so far as he knew, his brother had about $30 on his person, but in addition carried a heavy "roll" of imitation bills used in college for practice in commercial and financial classes. These were doubtless the cause of the murder for the robbers thinking he had a large sum of money tried, it is thought, to take it from him. Delorme probably put up a fight in the course of which he was shot.

Communes Meharg's Sentence.

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—The Governor-General-in-Council has commuted the sentence of death passed upon Wilfrid Meharg, a farmer's son, of Montreal Central Crossing, Ont., to life imprisonment. Meharg was sentenced by Chief Justice Mulock, at Hamilton, the date of execution was set for Jan. 13. He was found guilty of murdering Dr. Whitworth, of Hall's Corners, while engaged with four other men in robbing a store.

It is understood that the principal plea of the defence at the time of the trial was that the shooting was accidental, and that Meharg had told that fact at the time the shooting occurred.

Fears Unknown Assassin.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Mary Garden, director-in-chief of the Chicago Grand Opera Company and leading soprano, asked police protection after receipt a few days ago of a box containing a pistol and nine cartridges, and a letter threatening her life. In the pasteboard carton which contained the cartridges, three compartments were empty, and the letter said the missing bullets were reserved by him for her, adding he "hoped" he would "soon have the pleasure of seeing your body floating down the Chicago river."

TRAGEDY IN BUSH.

Man Was Killed When Friend's Rifle Exploded.

NORTH BAY, Jan. 9.—While walking through the bush near Eureka, a station on Cartier, on the morning of Jan. 4, Alexander Kirs, an Esthonian, 40 years of age, was accidentally shot and killed when a rifle carried in the hands of John Mileoff, a companion, suddenly exploded. The men were walking on snowshoes, following a trapline at the time, and while crossing a stretch of swamp Mileoff stumbled and fell, the loaded rifle exploding as he went down. Kirs fell instantly. Mileoff removed Kirs' snowshoes, made him comfortable among some evergreens, and set out for help. He secured aid after a journey and search, but Kirs, still living, was brought to Eureka. He was placed on board a train but died shortly after reaching Cartier.

Recount Is Granted.

PORT ARTHUR, Ont. Jan. 9.—An application for a recount of ballots cast in the Port Arthur-Kenora Federal riding was granted Saturday by Justice Mowat of the Supreme Court. Judge McKay was appointed to conduct the recount, which is set to open at Port Arthur court house to-morrow. The application was made on behalf of Frank H. Keefer, Government candidate.

SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

One of the smart functions during the Christmas week was a party given by Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Fretts, on the evening of their silver anniversary, and although the weather was very cold, friends came from quite a distance to shower good wishes upon the happy couple.

The large rooms were tastefully decked with Christmas greens, streamers, etc. The host and hostess assisted by Mrs. F. Allison, welcomed their friends in the drawing room.

The early part of the evening was spent in progressive games, and at the hour of midnight, a very dainty buffet luncheon was served by the hostess assisted by a number of friends among the younger married people.

After supper progressive games followed by a short programme of piano numbers and other things, added greatly to the evening's pleasure. S. D. Wagar, Enterprise, in his inimitable manner, proposed in a toast to the bride and groom, which was responded to by the host in his usual witty manner.

The evening was brought to a close by the usual sing song "Auld Lang Syne," "Good Night, Ladies," "The Bear Went Over the Mountain," and "For They are Jolly Good Fellows."

All the guests, forty in number, united in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Fretts and son, Raymond, a long, prosperous life together, and heartily wished that they might all be together to celebrate the golden wedding in that very hospitable home. Mr. and Mrs. Fretts were the recipients of some very lovely gifts.

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SELBY

A number attended the New Year's entertainment.

Schools opened again after with Miss Dennison at the helm.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wood have returned home after spending some time with friends in the States.

Mr. and Mrs. Chambers spent a few days at her home here.

Carl Anderson has returned to Toronto after spending the holidays at the parsonage.

Dr. and Mrs. Peal, of Chicago, spent Christmas with his parents here.

A. C. Tummon has sold out his store here to Mr. Irwin, Gananoque.

R. Lucas returned home to spend the week-end with his father.

F. Farnsworth and Clifford and Miss W. Farnsworth, Canniffon, visited friends here recently.

Miss Lillian Reid, of Reid, at L. Innes'; Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy and Mr. and Mrs. Murphy and children, at J. Cassidy's; Mr. and Mrs. C. Gonu and family, at F. L. Amey's; Mr. and Mrs. G. Anderson and baby and Elmo Anderson at J. Anderson's and Mr. and Mrs. R. Pringle and daughter at D. Denison's; Misses Florence and Vera Wallace at home; Mr. and Mrs. W. Sharp and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Lemmon and children at Mrs. W. D. Weese's.

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ADOLPHUSTOWN

The holiday season has been saddened by two deaths. Mrs. Geo. Johnston passed away early Tuesday morning of last week leaving an infant son. The funeral was held from her father's residence on Wednesday, Rev. Mr. Garfield officiating. On Thursday after a lingering illness. Much sympathy is extended to his aged mother.

Those who were away for Christmas were: Miss Lillian Carr with friends in Brighton; Mr. and Mrs. Ross Bedford, Toronto; Mr. J. B. Allison in Port Perry; A. Bird in Toronto; and Mrs. W. Cousits and Miss Josephine at Picton; Miss Kay Allison, Amherst Island, Edna, Enterprise; Elsie Magee, Morven; Mary Dickson, Belleville. Many spent the holidays with their parents.

Mrs. G. Maracle, who went to Kingston to have an operation performed on her friends would wish.

Mrs. John Duffet entertained on Wednesday evening of last week.

The M. Y. P. A. social evening was rather a failure owing to the disagreeable weather.

Miss G. Smith, Bloomfield, was a recent guest of Miss Jean Magee.

The friends of Albert Chalmers are glad to learn that he is progressing favorably after the operation which he underwent in the Kingston hospital.

J. S. Johnston is reeve of this township by acclamation.

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Ruthless Gunman Slain by Pals.

MONTREAL, Jan. 9.—Vincent Lavigne, the Italian whose dead body was found in a room at the rear of a store at 196 Demontigny street on Saturday night, and who is alleged to have been a well-known New York gunman, is now authoritatively said to have been paid the sum of $20,000 by members of the under world to "do away with" Gonsague Savard, former police captain of Montreal, and now head of a private detective agency.

Trescoli is stated to have been hired with two other New York gunmen to come to Montreal and kill Savard, and to have been responsible for the hanging of no fewer than nine murderers.

The initial payment was to be $10,000, the remainder to be paid when the ex-police captain was dead. The gunmen, however, after a period of notoriety, became disrelled, with the result that Trescoli was shot to death. His comrades are supposed to have returned to the States.

Actor Hangs Himself.

MONTREAL, Jan. 9. — Found hanging by a scarf from a hot-water pipe in the bathroom of an apartment he had rented at 20 Ste. Julie street, the body of Chas. Edward Lefebvre, 25 years of age, of 39 Emery street, has been taken to the morgue. The discovery was made by two friends who called to see him. No motive for the suicide is known. An inquest will be held. Lefebvre was employed as an actor at the Family Theatre.

Want Compensation Act.

REGINA, Sask., Jan. 9.—Reiterating requests for a scheme of state insurance for compensation for injured workmen, the Saskatchewan executive of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada waited on the Saskatchewan Government Friday. The executive is pressing for the legislation to be enacted during the present session.

The LIGHT in the CLEARING

by IRVING BACHELLER

This is a story that takes you back to the busy days and simple lives led by our American ancestors three-quarters of a century ago, when character was formed in the home. What was true of the little northern New York community in which most of the action is laid also may be said of American rustic life of the time in general. We want you to read the new serial

The Light in the Clearing

for you will enjoy the simplicity and charm, the sympathy and understanding, the humor and wisdom the author of *"Eben Holden"* has injected into this entertaining piece of literature.

Don't Fail to Read the Opening Installment!

PREFACE

The Light in the Clearing shone upon many things and mostly upon those which, above all others, have impassioned and perpetuated the Spirit of America and which, just now, seem to me to be worthy of attention. I believe that spirit to be the very candle of the Lord which, in this dark and windy night of time, has flickered so that the souls of the faithful have been afraid. But let us be of good cheer. It is shining brighter as I write and, under God, I believe it shall, by and by, be seen and loved of all men.

One self-contained, Homeric figure, of the remote country-sideain which I was born, had the true Spirit of Democracy and shed its light abroad in the senate of the United States and the capitol at Albany. He carried the Candle of the Lord. It led him to a height of self-forgetful-ness achieved by only two others—Washington and Lincoln. Yet I have been surprised by the profound and general ignorance of this generation regarding the career of Silas Wright.

The distinguished senator who served at his side for many years, Thomas H. Benton of Missouri, has this to say of Silas Wright in his Thirty Years' View:

"He refused cabinet appointments under his fast friend Van Buren and under Polk, whom he may be said to have elected. He refused a seat on the bench of the Supreme court of the United States; he rejected instantly the nomination in 1844 for vice president; he refused to be put in nomination for the governency. He spent that time in declining office which others did in winning it. The offices he did accept, it might well be said, were thrust upon him. He was born great and above office and unwillingly descended to it."

So much by way of preparing the reader to meet the great commoner in these pages.

There were those who accused Silas Wright of being a politician. The only warrant for which claim would seem to be his remark in so many words that our enemies accuse us of feeding our friends instead of them never lit them lie in telling the story."

He was, in fact, a human being, strong and thorough, but so upright that they used to say of him that he was the honest as any man under Heaven or in it."

For my license in writing of the spirit of the time I am indebted to a long course of reading in the books, newspapers and pamphlets, notably the North American Review, the United States Magazine and Democratic Review, the New York Mirror, the Knickerbocker, the St. Lawrence Republican, Holden's Thirty Years' View, Benton's Thirty Years' View, Van Buren, Jefferson, Webster, all this time by Hammond and Stone, and the many memoirs and lives of the distinguished commoner in New York, public life. Harry Hibbard's Reminiscences of Samuel Wright of Weybridge, Vermont.

To any who may think that they discover portraits in these pages I may safely say that all the characters—save only Silas Wright and President Van Buren and Burton Baynes—are purely imaginary. However, there were Grimshaws and Purvises and Bixbys and Aunt Deels and Uncle Peabodys in almost every rustic neighborhood those days, and I regret to add that Roving Kate was on many roads. The case of Amos Grimshaw bears a striking resemblance to that of young Bickford, executed long ago in Malone, for the particulars of which case I am indebted to my friend, Mr. H. L. Ives of Potsdam.

THE AUTHOR.

BOOK ONE

Which Is the Story of the Candle and the Compass.

CHAPTER I

The Melon Harvest.

Once upon a time I owned a watermelon. I say once because I never did it again. When I got through owning that melon I never wanted another. The time was 1831; I was a boy of seven and the melon was the first of all my harvests.

I didn't know much about myself those days except the fact that my name was Bart Baynes and, further, that I was an orphan who owned a watermelon and a little spotted hen and lived on Rattlerod in a neighborhood called Lickityplit. I lived with my Aunt Deel and my Uncle Peabody Baynes on a farm. They were brother and sister—he about thirty-eight and she a little beyond the far-distant goal of forty.

My father and mother died in a scourge of diphtheria that swept the neighborhood when I was a boy of five.

A few days after I arrived in the home of my aunt and uncle I slyly entered the parlor and climbed the whatnot to examine some white flowers on its top shelf and tipped the whole thing over, scattering its burden of albums, wax flowers and seashells on the floor. My aunt came running in her tiptoes and exclaimed: "Mercy! Come right out o' here this minute—you pest!"

I took some rather long steps going out, which were due to the fact that Aunt Deel had hold of my hand. While I sat weeping she went back into the parlor and began to pick up things.

"My wreath! my wreath!" I heard her moaning.

How well I remember that little assemblage of flower ghosts in wax! They had no more right to associate with human beings than the ghosts of fable. Uncle Peabody used to call them the "Minervy flowers" because they were a present from his Aunt Minerva. When Aunt Deel returned to the kitchen where I sat—a sorrowing little refugee hunched up in a corner—she said: "I'll have to tell your Uncle Peabody—ayes!"

"Oh please don't tell my Uncle Peabody," I wailed.

"Ayes! I'll have to tell him," she answered firmly.

For the first time I looked for him with dread at the window and when he came I hid in a closet and heard that solemn and penetrating note in her voice as she said:

"I guess you'll have to take that boy away—ayes!"

"What now?" he asked.

"My stars! he sneaked into the parlor and tipped over the what-not and smashed that beautiful wax wreath!"

"Jerusalem four-corners!" he exclaimed. "I'll have to—"

He stopped as he was wont to do on the threshold of strong opinions and momentous resolutions.

The rest of the conversation was drowned in my own cries and Uncle Peabody came and lifted me tenderly and carried me upstairs.

He sat down with me on his lap and hushed my cries. Then he said very gently:

"Now, Bub, you and me have got to be careful. What-nots and albums and wax flowers and haircloth sofys are the most dang'rous critters in St. Lawrence county. They're purty savage. Keep your eye peeled. You can't tell what minute they'll jump on ye. More boys have been dragged away and tore to pieces by 'em than by all the bears and panthers in the woods. Keep out o' that old parlor. Ye might as well go into a cage o' wolves. How be I goin' to make ye remember it?"

"I don't know," I whimpered and began to cry out in fearful anticipation.

He set me in a chair, picked up one of his old carpet-slippers and began to thump the bed with it. He belabored

He Belabored the Bed With Tremendous Vigor, Exclaiming "You Dreadful Child!"

the bed with tremendous vigor. Meanwhile he looked at me and exclaimed: "You dreadful child!"

I knew that my sins were responsible for this violence. It frightened me and my cries increased.

The door at the bottom of the stairs opened suddenly.

Aunt Deel called:

"Don't lose your temper, Peabody. I think you've gone fur 'nough—ayes!"

Uncle Peabody stopped and blew as if he were very tired and then I caught a look in his face that reassured me.

He called back to her: "I wouldn't 'a' cared so much if it hadn't 'a' been the what-not and them Minervy flowers. When a boy tips over a what-not he's goin' it purty strong."

"Well, don't be too severe. You'd better come now and git me a pail o' water—ayes, I think ye had."

Uncle Peabody did a lot of sneezing and coughing with his big, red handkerchief over his face and I was not old enough then to understand it. He kissed me and took my little hand in his big hard one and led me down the stairs.

I dreamed that night that a long-legged what-not, with a wax wreath in its hands, chased me around the house and caught and bit me on the neck. I called for help and uncle came and found me on the floor and put me back in bed again.

For a long time I thought that the way a man punished a boy was by thumping his bed. I knew that women had a different and more satisfactory method, for I remembered that my mother had spanked me and Aunt Deel had a way of giving my hands and head a kind of watermelon thump with the middle finger of her right hand and with a curious look in her eyes. Uncle Peabody used to call it a "snaptious look." Almost always he whacked the bed with his slipper. There were exceptions, however, and, by and by, I came to know in each case the destination of the slipper, for if I had done anything which really afflicted my conscience that strip of leather seemed to know the truth, and found its way to my person.

Aunt Deel toiled incessantly. She washed and scrubbed and polished and dusted and sewed and knit from morning until night. She lived in mortal fear that company would come and find her unprepared—Alma Jones or Jabez Lincoln and his wife, or Ben and Mary Humphries, or "Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg." Those were the people of whom she talked when the neighbors came in and when she was not talking of the Bayneses. I observed that she always said "Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg." They were the conversational ornaments of our home. "As Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg says," or, "as I said to Mr. Horace Dunkelberg," were phrases calculated to establish our social standing. I supposed that the world was peopled by Joneses, Lincolns, Humphries and Dunkelbergs, but mostly by Dunkelbergs. These latter were very rich people who lived in Canton village.

I know, now, how dearly Aunt Deel loved her brother and me. I must have been a great trial to that woman of forty unused to the pranks of children and the tender offices of a mother. Naturally I turned from her to my Uncle Peabody as a refuge and a help in time of trouble, with increasing fondness. He had no knitting or sewing to do and when Uncle Peabody sat in the house he gave all his time to me and we weathered many a storm together as we sat silently in his favorite corner, of an evening, when I always went to sleep in his arms.

I was seven years old when Uncle Peabody gave me the watermelon seeds. I put one of them in my mouth and bit it.

"It appears to me there's an awful draft blowin' down your throat," said Uncle Peabody. "You ain't no business eatin' a melon seed."

"Why?" was my query.

"'Cause it was made to put in the ground. Didn't you know it was alive?"

"Alive!" I exclaimed.

"Alive," said he. "I'll show ye."

He put a number of the seeds in the ground and covered them, and said that part of the garden should be mine. I watched it every day and by and by two vines came up. One sickened and died in dry weather. Uncle Peabody said that I must water the other every day. I did it faithfully and the vine throve.

It was hard work, I thought, to go down into the garden, night and morning, with my little pail full of water, but uncle said that I should get no pay when the melon was ripe. I had also to keep the wood-box full and feed the chickens. They were odious tasks. When I asked Aunt Deel what I should get for doing them she answered quickly:

"Nospanks and bread and butter—ayes!"

When I asked what were "nospanks" she told me that they were part of the wages of a good child. I was better paid for my care of the watermelon vine, for its growth was measured with a string every day and kept me interested. One morning I found five blossoms on it. I picked one and carried it to Aunt Deel. Another I destroyed in the tragedy of catching a bumblebee which had crawled into its cup. In due time three small melons appeared. When they were as big as a baseball I picked two of them. One I tasted and threw away as I ran to the pump for relief. The other I buried at a dog on my way to school.

So that last melon on the vine had my undivided affection. It grew in size and reputation, and soon I learned that a reputation is about the worst thing that a watermelon can acquire while it is on the vine. I invited everybody that came to the house to go and see my watermelon. They looked it over and said pleasant things about it. When I was a boy people used to treat children and watermelons with a like solicitude. Both were a subject for jests and produced similar reactions in the human countenance.

At last Uncle Peabody agreed with me that it was about time to pick the melon. I decided to pick it immediately after meeting on Sunday, so that I could give it to my aunt and uncle at dinner-time. When we got home I ran for the garden. My feet and those of our friends and neighbors had literally worn a path to the melon. In eager haste I got my little wheelbarrow and ran with it to the end of that path. There I found nothing but broken vines! The melon had vanished. I ran back to the house almost overcome by a feeling of alarm, for I had thought long of that hour of pride when I should bring the melon and present it to my aunt and uncle.

"Uncle Peabody," I shouted; "my melon is gone."

"Well, I van!" said he, "somebody must 'a' stole it."

"But it was my melon," I said with a trembling voice.

"Yes, and I vum it's too bad! But, Bart, you ain't learned yit that there are wicked people in the world who come and take what don't belong to 'em."

There were tears in my eyes when I asked:

"They'll bring it back, won't they?"

"Never!" said Uncle Peabody, "I'm afraid they've et it up."

He had no sooner said it than a cry broke from my lips, and I sank down upon the grass moaning and sobbing. I lay amidst the ruins of the simple faith of childhood. It was as if the world and all its joys had come to an end.

Aunt Deel spoke in a low, kindly tone and came and lifted me to my feet very tenderly.

"Come, Bart, don't feel so about that old melon," said she, "it ain't worth it. Come with me. I'm going to give you a present—ayes I do!"

I was still crying when she took me to her trunk, and offered the grateful assugement of candy and a belt, all embroidered with blue and white beads.

"Now you see, Bart, how low and mean anybody is that takes what don't belong to 'em—ayes! They're snakes! Everybody hates 'em an' stamps on 'em when they come in sight—ayes!"

The abomination of the Lord was in her look and manner. How it shook my soul! He who had taken the watermelon had also taken from me something I was never to have again, and a very wonderful thing it was, which is in the goodness of men. My eyes had seen evil. The world had committed its first offense against me and my spirit was no longer the white and beautiful thing it had been. Still, there was in the beginning of wisdom and, looking down the long vista of the years, I thank God for the great harvest of the lost watermelon. Better things had come in its place—understanding and what more, often I have vainly tried to estimate. For one thing that sudden revelation of the heart of childhood had lifted my mind's eye out of the cold storage of a puritanic spirit, and warmed it into new life and opened its door for me.

In the afternoon she sent me over to Willis' to borrow a little tea. I stopped for a few minutes to play with Henry Willis—a boy not quite a year older than I. While playing there I discovered a piece of the rind of my melon in the dooryard. On that piece of rind I saw the cross which I had made one day with my thumb-nail. It was intended to indicate that the melon was solely and wholly mine. I felt a flush of anger.

"I hate you," I said as I approached him.

"I hate you," he answered.

"You're a snake!" I said

We now stood face to face and breast to breast, like a pair of young roosters. He gave me a shove and told me to go home. I gave him a shove and told him I wouldn't. I pushed up close to him again and we glared into each other's eyes.

Suddenly he spat in my face. I gave him a scratch on the forehead with my finger-nails. Then we fell upon each other and rolled on the ground and hit and scratched with feline ferocity.

Mrs. Willis ran out of the house and parted us. Our blood was hot, and leaking through the skin of our faces a little.

"He pitched on me," Henry explained.

I couldn't speak.

"Go right home—this minute—you brat!" said Mrs. Willis in anger. "Here's your tea. Don't you ever come here again."

I took the tea and started down the road weeping. What a bitter day that was for me! I dreaded to face my aunt and uncle. Coming through the grove down by our gate I met Uncle Peabody. With the keen insight of the father of the prodigal son he had seen me coming "a long way off" and shouted:

"Well, here ye be—I was kind o' worried, Bub."

Then his eye caught the look of dejection in my gait and figure. He hurried toward me. He stopped as I came sobbing to his feet.

"Why, what's the matter?" he asked gently, as he took the tea cup from my hand, and sat down upon his heels.

I could only fall into his arms and express myself in the grief of childhood. He hugged me close and begged me to tell him what was the matter.

"That Willis boy stole my melon," I said, and the words came slow with sobs.

"Oh, no, he didn't," said Uncle Peabody.

"Yes he did. I saw a piece o' the rin'."

"Well by—" said Uncle Peabody, stopping as usual, at the edge of the precipice.

"He's a snake," I added.

"And you fit and he scratched you up that way?"

"I scratched him, too."

"Don't you say a word about it to Aunt Deel. Don't ever speak o' that miserable melon ag'in to anybody. You scoot around to the barn, an' I'll be there in a minute and fix ye up."

He went by the road with the tea and I ran around to the lane and up to the stable. Uncle Peabody met me there in a moment and brought a pail of water and washed my face so that I felt and looked more respectable.

The worst was over for that day, but the Baynes-Willis feud had begun. It led to many a fight in the school yard and on the way home. We were so evenly matched that our quarrel went on for a long time and gathered intensity as it continued.

One June day Uncle Peabody and I, from down in the fields, saw a fine carriage drive in at our gate. He stopped and looked intently.

"Jerusalem four-corners!" he exclaimed. "It's Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg."

My heart beat fast at thought of the legendary Dunkelbergs. Uncle looked me over from top to toe. "Heavens!" he exclaimed. "Go down to the brook and wash the mud off ye or you'll get it."

I ran for the brook and before I had returned to my uncle I heard the horn blow.

"The Dunkelbergs!—the Dunkelbergs! Come quick!" it seemed to say.

Mr. Dunkelberg was a big, broad-shouldered, solemn-looking man. Somehow his face reminded me of a lion's which I had seen in a book of picture books. He had a thick, long, outstanding mustache and side whiskers, and deep-set eyes and heavy eyebrows. He stood for half a moment looking down at Uncle Peabody and then put his right hand in his pocket. I heard a little jingle of coins down where his hand was. It excited my curiosity. He took a step toward me and I retreated in fear. I feared, like his big, lion-like man. My fears left me suddenly when he spoke in a small squeaky voice that reminded me of the chirping of a bird.

"Little boy, come here and I will make you a present," said he.

It reminded me of my disappointment when uncle tried to shoot his gun at a squirrel and only the cap cracked.

I went to him and he laid a silver piece in the palm of my hand. Aunt Deel began to hurry about getting dinner ready while Uncle Peabody and I sat down on the porch with our guests, among whom was a pretty, blue-eyed girl of about my own age, with long, golden-brown hair that hung in curls.

"Sally, this is Barton Baynes—can't you shake hands with him?" said Mrs. Dunkelberg.

With a smile the girl came and offered me her hand and made a funny bow and said that she was glad to see me. I took her hand awkwardly and made no reply. I had never seen many girls and had no very high opinion of them.

As we sat there I heard the men talking about the great Silas Wright, who had just returned to his home in Canton. He had not entered my consciousness until then.

While I sat listening I felt a tweak of my hair, and looking around I saw the Dunkelberg girl standing behind me with a saucy smile on her face.

"Won't you come and play with me?" she asked.

I took her out in the garden to show her where my watermelon had lain. At the moment I couldn't think of anything else to show her. As we walked along I observed that her feet were in dainty shiny button-shoes. Suddenly I began to be ashamed of my feet that were browned by the sunlight and scratched by the briers. The absent watermelon didn't seem to interest her.

"Let's play house in the grove," said she, and showed me how to build a house by laying rows of stones with an opening for a door.

"Now you be my husband," said she.

Oddly enough I had heard of husbands but had only a shadowy notion of what they were. I knew that there was none in our house.

"What's that?" I asked.

She laughed and answered: "Somebody that a girl is married to."

"You mean a father?"

"Yes."

"Once I had a father," I boasted. "Well, we'll play we're married and that you have just got home from a journey. You go out in the woods and then you come home and I'll meet you at the door."

I did as she bade me but I was not glad enough to see her.

"You must kiss me," she prompted in a whisper.

I kissed her very swiftly and gingerly—like one picking up a hot coal—and she caught me in her arms and kissed me three times while her soft hair threw its golden veil over our faces.

"Oh, I'm so glad to see you," she said as she drew away from me and shook back her hair.

"Golly! this is fun!" I said.

"Now go to sleep and I'll tell you a story," said she.

Then she told pretty tales of fairies and of grand ladies and noble gentlemen who wore gold coats and swords and diamonds and silks and said wonderful words in such a wonderful way. I dare *say* it prospered all the better in my ears because of the mystery by which its meanings were partly hidden. I had many questions to ask and when she told what were fairies and silks and diamonds and grand ladies and noble gentlemen.

We sat down to one of our familiar dinners of salt pork and milk gravy and apple pie now enriched by sweet pickles and preserves and frosted cake.

A query had entered my mind and soon after we had begun eating I asked:

"Aunt Deel, what is the difference between a boy and a girl?"

There was a little silence in which my aunt drew in her breath and exclaimed, "Wy!" and turned very red and covered her face with her napkin. Uncle Peabody laughed so loudly that the chickens began to cackle. Mr. and Mrs. Dunkelberg also covered their faces. Aunt Deel rose and went to the stove and shoved the teapot along, exclaiming:

"Goodness gracious sakes alive!"

To be continued.

The Uncertainty.

For some time a crowd of urchins had been playing perilously near the edge of the pier, when suddenly an old salt, who had been a fidgety onlooker, proceeded to thrash one of the lads.

A passer-by stopped and questioned the old tar.

"Well," he said as he ceased his hold on the boy's collar, "I ain't as if I care a hang whether they fall in or whether they don't, but it's the darned uncertainty I can't stand."

No Need of Grace.

Henry had always been kept up to the scratch in the matter of grace at meals, and no exception was made when he was taken to a restaurant for ten one afternoon.

After they had been served, Henry's mother said: "Now say grace, Henry."

Henry looked up in surprise.

"But," he objected, "we're paying for this, aren't we?"

The Oldest Voter.

Probably the oldest voter in Ontario was Mrs. McDoul, of Janetville, who has passed her 107th birthday. Mrs. McDoul cast an open vote for Mr. Bowen, the successful Conservative candidate in Durham. She last voted for Mr. Rowell, the Union Government candidate.

COULD HARDLY MOVE IN HER BED

Eight Boxes of "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Completely Relieved Her.

MADAM RICHER

Labelle, P.Q., April 18th, 1921

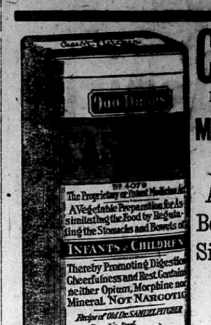
"It is my duty to tell you and publish to all what your remedy "Fruit-a-tives" has done for me.

I suffered with Rheumatism for ten months; could hardly move in bed; and was miserable all the time. I tried several physicians and took many remedies, but they left me at the same place, in bed and suffering, the Rheumatism was so bad.

I finally started in taking "Fruit-a-tives" and continued the treatment regularly as I found myself getting better. After using eight boxes of "Fruit-a-tives" (which cost only $4.) I am completely well without a trace of Rheumatism."

Madam J. RICHER.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or post paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.


Quo Vadis
INFANTS—CHILDREN
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea and Feverishness and Loss of Sleep resulting therefrom in Infancy.
At 6 months old
35 Doses-40 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"Sally, This Is Barton Baynes. Can't You Shake Hands With Him?" Said Mrs. Dunkelberg.

LUMBER!

FOR SALE

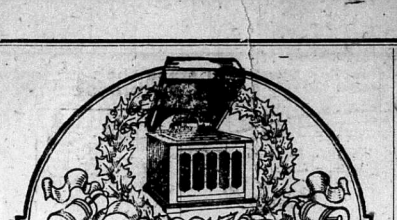
50,000 FEET

Spruce Siding and Flooring

$40 per Thousand.

ROBERT LIGHT, Richard Street.

Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.



Mr. Edison says—

"Music can make this your Happiest New Year"

He Offers You Three Days of Good Music—*Free!*

MR. EDISON, the world's greatest inventor, believes that there should be good music in every American Home. He believes that music has a powerful and beneficial influence on every member of the household, and he asks this opportunity of proving his theory to you.

He has directed us to deliver to you, *absolutely free*, an Amberola Phonograph and any twelve Amberol records which you may select. He asks you to play the

AMBEROLA

as often as you wish, *for three days*. He asks you to compare its music and quality with even the more expensive "talking machines" and decide for yourself whether the Amberola is the *world's greatest phonograph value.*

After this trial, if you don't feel like keeping the Amberola, your pleasure will have cost you nothing. But if you agree with Mr. Edison that the Amberola and its *really good music* will make your home brighter and cheerier, we will be happy to discuss a plan whereby you can pay for it at your own convenience. This is *your opportunity*—if you can't come in today, write or phone *at once!*

R. B. ALLEN,
MARKET SQUARE

SMART PARIS STREET FROCK

Paris is producing voguish designs with short skirts despite its dictum of length. As a sample this is a smart street frock with skirt trimmed with buttons of mother o' pearl. The blouse is of striped silk.

HOW NEW VEILS ARE WORN

Face Covering Floats Out and Hangs to Shoulders, Aiding Gracefulness to Wearer.

How do you wear your veil? inquires the New York Sun.

Do you pull a large meshed veil over your face so that the tip of your round-ended nose pushes through or the end of your pointed nose sticks out?

Do you pull the veil tightly across your forehead so that your eyelashes catch in it?

Do you always have an irritating little excess of veil under the chin that you repeatedly roll and twist into a little bunch to get it out of the way?

Do you get the veil on so that it draws in some places and sags in others?

Do you have trouble because the veil slips from around your hat down over your eyes, while it remains secure around your neck and chin?

Do you lose the ends at the back from their fastening and find them floating out in the winds of heaven behind you?

Of course if you follow the mode in veils you need do none of these things, for the really smart veil now a-

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

days floats loosely at the back and is not held in at all, unless around the throat. Some of the new veils are made with little ruffs of fearing or tulle or ribbon that fastens about the throat. Above this band the veil puffs and balloons and little effort is made to keep it taut and smooth.

Some of the new veils are exceedingly attractive. They are made so that they flare in almost circular shape from the small hats with which they are worn. They float out and hang to the shoulders and add much gracefulness to their wearer.

The tight, snug veil is often considered in Europe a typically American trick. That is to say, Europeans consider the American woman a past mistress at arranging the neat face veil.

TO BEAUTIFY FALL PLUMAGE

Metallic Decorations Now Produced by New Process Which Greatly Lessens the Cost.

Metallic plumages are to be a style factor this fall, and various treatments have been employed to create a chemical that will give the required metallic surface and coloring to plumage without labor, waste and damage to the feather stock. A formula has just been perfected by a leading bronze powder manufacturer whereby the cost and time required in processing the plumage have been cut down materially. The solution prepared for this use is combined with silver, gold, bronze, antique or other finishes, ordinarily the minimum cost of gilding, bronzing or oxidizing a blade was 5 cents, but the new liquid has reduced this to half a cent. The time consumed in the process has been cut down to two minutes.

WOOL SHAWLS FOR WINTER

Wrap That May Be Thrown Across Shoulders Carelessly Will Keep Out Frigid Blasts.

The desire for Spanish shawls is not, it seems, just an isolated flight for we are to have shawls for the winter, too. They are to be of wool and embroidered, and, generally speaking, they are to retain much of the grace and charm possessed by the highly colored ones of this season.

Women have found them too becoming to part with them lightly, and they are practical adjuncts to the wardrobe, to be sure, for they can be thrown across the shoulders carelessly, yet effectively, if keeping out frigid blasts happens to be a subject of any moment.

Coal for Germany.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—The charge that English coal is being unloaded at Hamburg and reshipped by rail to Switzerland, thus causing a car shortage in Germany, was made in the Reichstag by Deputy Gutknecht.

Gutknecht asked if the Government is aware that Germnay's limited railway resources are being used to facilitate English-Swiss trade, and demanded that the Government take immediate steps to put all available coal cars at the disposal of the transport of German coal from the mines to factories and public utilities.

PARIS FADS AND AMERICAN TASTE

France May Propose, but Women on This Side of the Atlantic Are Independent.

VERY SHORT SKIRT IS GONE

Abbreviated Garment Responds to Fashion's Gong—Long Sleeves Well Established—Waist Line Low and Loose.

Paris proposes, but the American woman disposes, asserts a prominent fashion authority.

No one knows that better than the American importers, or the buyers for American stores, who go pouring onto the continent and fairly tread on each other's toes in their effort to follow what is new in French clothes and to make necessary purchases.

It is important for them to know Paris—at least the Paris that centers its interests in making and wearing clothes at this time of year. It is important for them to know how to buy. Lots of things are important—but most important for them is the knowledge of American women. Conglomerate though we are, product of a melting pot in which have been thrown all the races of Europe, there is a very distinct something that is American taste, as unlike French taste as it is unlike British or South American taste.

The French dressmakers and designers, most of them, think they know what this American taste amounts to. They seem to think that by making certain alterations to suit the different average anatomy of the American figure, by eliminating certain trimmings and adding some others, lengthening one season, and shortening another, they will suit the American taste. But there is more of it than that. It is the result of so many complex forces that when a man or woman possesses this interpretation of American taste we usually call it intuition.

Interpreting Dress Events.

Some women—many of them—find diversion and help, sometimes even a source of economy, in interpreting the events in the dress centers of France for themselves. You may follow the development of fashion because somehow or other it shows you better than anything else the trend of opinion and taste, because it brings you into very close touch with Paris in a season when you must stay at home. How much easier to imagine the French races if you know that this season they have worn black and

Suit of Plush Formed in Squares.

remember this, if you do decide to indulge in this extreme be sure that you select for your long skirted frock one that is to be extremely well made and obviously smart in other respects. Don't trust the little dressmaker by the day with your first very long skirt. It is the easiest thing in the world to have this new skirt look dowdy. If you don't take care you will look as if you had gone backward to fashions that are out rather than forward to those that are coming.

The skirt that is both long and full should not be selected for a street costume. It is better to cling to the straight silhouette save for indoors and evening. There have been circular skirts that were attractive and that called forth much favorable comment. But to be on the safe side select a skirt whose fullness is disposed in side draperies or in straight lines.

Long Sleeves Are Good.

The long sleeve is better established than the very short skirt. For the most part sleeves are either very short or very long, although the loose three-quarter sleeve has received the approval of two or three of the French dressmakers. The sleeve that is long and tight seems to be marked for the present, and if you are one of these neat souls who delight in feeling a cuff fastened securely around the wrist you will have to endure patiently the floating drapery of a sleeve that hangs loose from the armhole.

Don't fail to observe that many of the dressmakers—Lanvin, for instance —are making use of a "V" neck line, his does not mean, as you may have feared, that the bateau or boat-shaped neck line is done for. This is probably good for many months to come, but as an alternative, if you find the bateau line unbecoming, or merely as a matter of variety, you may select a rather narrow "V" which may be used on the otherwise unbroken surface of the bodice. For bodices are left very plain. There are no plaits or tucks or gathers, and the tendency is to pile trimming on the skirt and to omit it from the bodice. Sometimes when embroidery is used it is worked heavily on the sleeves and on the skirt drapery, while the bodice is left in striking simplicity.

Loose, Low Waist Line.

If you are one who is wailing patiently for a more definite waistline you will probably have to keep on waiting. For the most part waistlines are still wide and fairly low. There is little chance that they will be raised or tightened for some time to come.

To be sure there are some exceptions where the waistline seems to be closely confined. Poiret on certain evening frocks makes use of metal cloth that drapes very snugly from the predominance of skirts in straight lines only fairly long, that fringe and jet have played an important role, that women are wearing Spanish hats, that black lace flouts from these hats or forms the wraps with which they are worn, that sleeves that are long or flowing form a contrast to sleeves that still reveal almost the entire arm!

Now you may read fashion news merely for this sort of diversion. You are wise if you look at this matter subjectively, asking yourself as you read of these departures in dress just what bearing they may helpfully have on your personal dress problem. Anything like a literal reading would be absurd. Just because one French woman makes a fad of wearing real flowers on her hat, don't come to the conclusion that you must consult the florist as well as the milliner about your new hat.

Because the correspondents make a good deal of the fact that some one appeared at the Bois de Boulogne wearing a white shoe with a black stocking and a black shoe with a white stocking, don't imagine that Parisians have all gone in for a piebald effect. Just because some friend in Paris writes you that "Every one in Paris is wearing enormous, long skirts," don't be entirely convinced. Remember that one very long bouffant skirt would attract more attention than four of the sort you are used to seeing.

What about skirts, anyway? What policy should you adopt in planning new clothes now that you will want to wear in the autumn, possibly into the winter?

French women are going slowly and American women will go even more slowly. However, the very short skirt is gone. For some women who never did take up the very short skirt—and there were a very great many even among the smartly dressed who did not—this means to stand put so far as skirt lengths are concerned.

The shirt that touches or nearly touches the toes will be extreme for many months, as it surely is now. And

Silk Suit, Seal Trim, Jet Belt.

white, combinations of black and white and shades of violet, if you know that there have been striking examples of long bouffant skirts with the predominance of skirts in straight lines only fairly long, that fringe and jet have played an important role, that women are wearing Spanish hats, that black lace flouts from these hats or forms the wraps with which they are worn, that sleeves that are long or flowing form a contrast to sleeves that still reveal almost the entire arm!

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French women are going slowly and American women will go even more

The Light in the Clearing

By IRVING BACHELLER

Around the fortunes of a lovable lad revolves this tale of reality and vitality, of humor and honor, of love of woman and love of country, of the simple affections and of fine ideals. The boy has your heart from the start. He becomes the principal witness to a crime and to a great event. By loyalty and devotion he gains his goal of happiness and his meed of love.

Our New Serial! Be Sure to Read It!

BEST SEED CORN.

Quite Practicable to Allow It to Ripen on Plant.

The best way to secure home-grown sweet corn seed is to allow it to ripen on the plant, and, since a single ear will be seed enough for a small garden, it is quite practicable to do this. Select the best and earliest ears by stripping down the husks to examine the grain and to remove any worms that may be found, and then carefully fold them back and hold them in place by an elastic band or a string. Allow these ears to ripen thoroughly on the stalk.

Well-Formed, Properly Dried Sweet Corn for Seed—Crosby's Early.

In the North it is often better to pull and hang the plant where there will be no danger from moisture, frost, or even chilling until the seed is thoroughly dry. All the ripe ears remaining at the end of the season in any crop of sweet corn should be harvested and saved. The best ears will make fairly good seed, and nearly everyone knows the enjoyment in parched sweet corn.

Sweet corn spoils much more quickly than field corn, and cannot readily be cured in large shocks, but should be husked from the stalk and spread thinly on staging to cure. A convenient way of storing sweet corn is on the ear.

Early Potatoes.

One peck of medium-sized seed potatoes, cut so there will be two good eyes to a piece, and dropped one piece to a hill, will plant 350 feet of row. If seasonal and other conditions are right this peck of seed potatoes should produce at least sixteen-fold, or four bushels of potatoes. Some home gardeners have grown six and seven bushels of early potatoes from a peck of seed, but that is exceptional. Sixteen pecks of potatoes, or 4 quarter-pecks, will provide the potatoes for at least 48 dinners for a family of five, with some left from each dinner to be fried for breakfast the following morning.

Potatoes are important in the diet, and early potatoes from home gardens are especially appetizing. It may not pay to crowd out the more intensive garden vegetables in order to grow early potatoes, but wherever space will permit at least one peck of seed should be planted. A good plan is to plant late sugar corn between the potatoes about the time the potato vines begin to show signs of ripening. Then as the potatoes are dug, hoe the soil around the corn. Late cabbage plants are often set between the potatoes and a crop of cabbage is produced after the potatoes are removed. It always pays to keep the land working.

Swollen Grain Saves Ship.

A steamer which struck an iceberg off Newfoundland recently was saved from sinking by the grain in her forehold. The water caused this to swell, thus stopping the leak.

B. C. Rhodes Scholar.

Lester W. McLennan, Vancouver, of the Arts class, 1922, University of British Columbia, has been recommended for the Rhodes Scholarship.

SNOW VERSUS WATER

SOME TESTS WERE MADE WITH LAYING HENS.

It Was Found That the Profit From Feeding Snow to Fowls Instead of Water Was 12¼ Per Cent. Greater by Reason of Increased Yield of Eggs, So That Nobody Need Fear to Use the "Frozen Whiteness."

Farmers who now sell and probably will continue to sell the bulk of the poultry products in this country, keep hens for the money there is in them and very seldom for pleasure. This is why elaborate and costly buildings, with fairly large amounts to be deducted from sales to cover interest and depreciation, were never very popular. When the cold poultry house was advocated, it was immediately felt that it would solve the question, because it was cheap, it provided plenty of ventilation which kept it dry and the birds remained healthy in it.

Unfortunately there is nothing perfect in the world and people soon commenced to find certain drawbacks to the cold house. This was to be expected and would no doubt have happened with any other kind of building. One of the troubles was that water froze and the laying hens were often deprived during most of the time of what was considered an essential part of their daily ration. Moreover, women and children, who attend to the poultry in a large number of cases, had a hard time chopping or thawing out ice from vessels, and in many instance drinking fountains even broke, says Gus A. Langelier, superintendent of Cap Rouge Experiment Station.

As it seemed impossible to keep water from freezing in the modern cold poultry house without closing it too tight, making it stuffy, damp and unhealthy for the fowls, it was decided to try snow for laying hens. The experiment was conducted during five seasons, from the beginning of November to the end of February each year. An average of twenty-three birds were in each pen and both received practically the same quantities of feed, one lot getting water all the time and the other snow from the moment it was available until the testing period was finished.

After recording the feed eaten by each lot, the revenue was arrived at by counting the eggs and also calculating the difference in weight of the birds which were placed on the scales, every year, both at the beginning and at the end of the experiment. For the average of all tests the pens receiving snow gained 11 per cent. less than those getting water, but on the other hand, they laid 28 per cent better. With the valuations placed on meat and eggs, the profit from the birds receiving snow was, for the five seasons, exactly 78⅛ per cent. higher than from the ones getting water.

It is hard to draw definite conclusions from most feeding experiments with poultry because it is well nigh impossible to bring together two lots of birds having exactly the same breeding behind them. The time of hatching for pullets, the condition of each individual layer and many other things may also be sources of error. In this case, though, individuals were chosen as even as possible and were housed in adjoining pens. The conclusion which may be drawn is that nobody need be afraid to give only snow, when it is impossible to do otherwise, though it is admitted that water should be kept in pens when practicable.

Forests and Streams.

The benefit of a forest-covering of watersheds as a stabilizer of stream flow is clearly defined by advocates of reforestation, without any very convincing argument in favor of the claim being offered. Investigation of effect of forests upon stream flow has been carried on in Europe, however, notably at Zurich, Switzerland, where observations extending over 18 years were made of two small watersheds, one wholly, and the other one-third, forested.

On a proportional basis, the total annual stream discharge was approximately equal on the two watersheds. In short, heavy rainfalls the maximum run-off per second in the forested watershed was only one-third to one-half that on the lightly forested watershed, and the total flood stage discharge usually one-half. Although, as a result of very long, heavy rains, the run-off was the same after the forest soil had become saturated, the forest cover appreciably stabilized the stream flow and reduced the extremes of both high and low water. The forest cover was also beneficial in preventing landslides, which were common on steep, unforested slopes during heavy rains, thus preventing erosion, which greatly increased flood damage throughout the entire course of the streams.

Improvement of Games Birds.

The aggressive character of live stock improvement activities in Pulaski county, Virginia, is illustrated by a recent sidelight in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement. A poultry man enrolled his 50 Indian Games (Cornish) headed by an Indian Game cock in the campaign. He kept on other stock.

Pulaski county, Virginia, continues to retain first place among all counties in the country for the number of persons agreeing to use pure-bred sires only.

Prune Grapes.

Annual pruning of grapes renews the vigor and productiveness of the vines. In the fall, after the wood has ripened, is the best time for the work.

Egg imports from China to the United States are estimated as being worth $14,000,000 a year.

Canada's Stately Homes.

Years ago the poet wrote about the "stately homes of England," but Canada, says a recent writer, can boast of homes just as stately. The well-kept farm homes and farm buildings that dot the countryside give us a sense of security, and go to show that all is well with rural Ontario. The pastoral scenes that greet the eyes on almost every farm assure the beholder that the live stock industry is in a flourishing condition., Old Ontario can boast of many beauty spots. The writer adds that holidays spent among them will bring much enjoyment.

CORN AND LEGUMES.

Full Mows and Silos on Up-to-date Live Stock Farms.

Corn yields in 1921 were all in favor of the progressive live stock farmer as compared with those practice in feeding and the production of feed is of the old-fashioned variety. Especially does this apply in the case of dairymen, who depend largely on home-grown supplies for the wintering of their herds. Shortage in the mixed-hay crop, and the fact that feed grains and straw are anything but an abundant yield, precludes the possibility of an abundant feed supply on farms where such material is the staple year after year, while growers of alfalfa, sweet clover and corn have a good prospect in mows and silos well filled for the indoor feeding season. Alfalfa yielded better than other hay crops at the first cutting, and later cuttings were above average yield. Corn had an almost ideal season, and growth of the crop was rapid wherever cultivation was faithfully kept up. Maturity of the ensilage crop in even the latest districts, together with yield well above the average, was the rule.

Alfalfa is probably the best dry roughage for feeding in connection with corn ensilage to either beef cattle or dairy cows, and especially fortunate is the farmer who has a supply of both kinds of feed for the winter. In fact, any one of the leguminous hays is well adapted to combination with ensilage in stock feeding. While corn silage is an excellent feed, it is not a balanced one, as it does not contain sufficient protein and mineral matter to meet fully the requirements of cattle. The leguminous hays tend to correct this deficiency. They are also among the best and cheapest sources of protein.

One or other of the leguminous hays can be grown on practically any farm. In addition to their value for feeding purposes, they improve the soil in which they grow. Hay from field peas, sown with oats to prevent the peas from lodging, makes an excellent roughage.

Corn sown also finds a good market through the dairy cow. This class of roughage is low in protein, however, and when it is used the grain ration must be richer in this element.

No positive rule can be laid down as to the quantity of dry roughage that should be fed, but from 6 to 12 pounds a day for each cow, in addition to silage, will be found satisfactory in most cases.

British Friesians.

As in 1920 British Friesians again swept everything before them at the recent London Dairy Show, winning all the championship cups.

Messrs. W. and R. Wallace's cow, Bladen Early, won the Barham Cup for the cow gaining the greatest number of points in the milking trials; the Shirley Cup. The cow giving most milk of not less than 3 per cent. butterfat and 8.5 per cent. solids-not-fat; the Preventing Cup for the best dairy cow in the show gaining the greatest number of points in the milking, walking trials and butter test.

British Friesians also won the Blithfield Cup, awarded to the breed with the most cows, best six cows to be the animals gaining most points in the milking trials.

Seven cows entered more than 140 points in the milking trials, namely, 1 pedigree Shorthorn, 1 Lincoln Red, 1 South Devon, and 1 British Friesian.

No one Friesian gave milk containing below 3 per cent. of butterfat. Seven cows out of eight had the points by test, or milk falling to reach this standard; they were composed of 3 pedigree Shorthorns, 1 pedigree Lincoln Red, 1 Ayrshire, 1 Lincoln Reds, 1 Jersey and 1 Red Poll.

Suffered For Lack of It.

"You're for ever trying to give the impression that you're a martyr," snapped Mrs. Peck. "I suppose you mean that you would think that you suffer in silence?"

"No," replied Mr. Peck; "I suffer in the perpetual absence of silence. A little silence would be a positive pleasure to me."

For a Different Reason.

George—"I can't get my speed out of the motor-car you sold me. You told me you had been arrested six times."

Harold—"So I was, old chap—for obstructing the highway!"

The gnat fashions its eggs in the shape of a lifeboat. You cannot sink them without tearing them to pieces.

Diamonds

One of our solitaire Diamonds is not only a joy to possess, but a good investment.

We have some splendid values to offer in Solitaires, put up in all the different styles of setting.

Priced at $25.00, $50.00, $60.00, $75.00, $100.00.

Also some good values in clusters and larger stones.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

Plain Talks - No. 7

DEAR PEOPLE.—

We purpose taking for our text this period, "Sell Your Hammer and Buy a Horn." Our past lectures, besides being to us very profitable, have proved also to have annoyed one or two persons, namely, bums and stool pigeons. So accept our apoligies if we seem to be blowing a little, and try us out and we will prove our words. We intend during the coming months to do a little profit sharing among our friends. Whilst visiting in Toronto and West it was our good fortune to become acquainted with leather dealers of a much larger standing than some of our competitors, and also to buy in markets more reasonable. By buying in large quantities we were able to purchase the best oak tanned leather at 17c. below ordinary market price. So as an inducement for you to try out this real good quality we intend to make a big reduction in the price of our shoe repairs, so take note of the following list and give us a trial to convince you we have the real goods.

Town Price	Our Price
$1.45.... Men's Soles	$1.30
.50.... Men's Heels	.40
1.10... Ladies' Soles ...	.90
.35.... Ladies' Heels	.25

Patching and Rips done with neatness and quickest possible service. All repairs done in one day.

Boot & Shoe Hospital

Opposite Royal Hotel

NEW LOCATION

F. S. SCOTT'S BARBER SHOP

is now located on John Street, and we assure you of courteous attention.

SHOE - SHINE - PARLOR with special accommodation for ladies.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, PIPES, TOBACCOS.

We do Amateur Photographic Work. Films may be left at shop, or F. S. Scott's residence.

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a cramp like pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl Line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make a foot feel easy and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

At H. W. KELLY'S you can get the best citron peel 57c., also lemon and orange peel (fresh) 37c. per lb., seedless raisins 25c., seeded raisins 25c., Dalmoco molasses, the best for your fruit cake. New prunes (not cold storage) cleaned, Sunkist oranges all sizes, 10 bars comfort soap 69c.; lovely cranberries just in, Spanish onions, fresh dates in bulk, finest eating grapefruit; also all kinds of candy for your Xmas stockings; also mixed nuts at H. W. KELLY'S Grocery, Campbell House corner.

BRING YOUR

Old Newspapers

to

The Gibbard Furniture Factory.

Tie them up into bundles, and turn them into good money.

Mr. A. C. Tummon, general merchant, Selby, has sold his store to Mr. Irwin, of Gananoque.

Mt. Pleasant Methodist Church intend holding their annual tea meeting on January 18th. Single ticket 40c. or 75c. a couple.

Tanlac's world wide fame is due to its merit. It does the work. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Fast game of hock at the Napanee Hockey Rink on Wednesday, January 11th., between the Hibernians of Kingston and Napanee. Game caled at 7.30 p.m. This should be a good game.

The decision to protest the Kingston election, announced some time ago, has, it is learned, been confirmed. The Liberal Executive has placed the evidence relating to alleged corrupt practices in legal hands, and nothing, it is stated, will be permitted to prevent the case going through the necessary legal procedure.

Special price for this week only on flour and feed. Purity or Reindeer flour at $3.60 per bag; tons of bran and 3 tons shorts, at $1.50 per cwt.; 5 bags to each. About 200 bags wheat screenings (unground) at $20.00 per ton, ground at $23.00 per ton. I have plenty of corn at lowest prices.

J. M. HUGHS,
South Napanee.

Switzer Conway, who was in his ninety-second year, died at the home of his son-in-law, J. H. Butler, 23 Barton Ave., Toronto, on Tuesday of last week. Deceased was born in Napanee, Ont., and was employed by the Coulter Scott Company, Oshawa, Ont., for thirty years. For the past seven years he had lived in Toronto, and until recently had been in fairly good health. His wife predeceased him several years ago. Four generations were present at his bedside when he passed away.

The body of Mrs. Jacob Marcle, aged sixty, of Tyendinaga Reserve, was found in some bushes five miles west of Deseronto, on Thursday morning. She had been driving home from a place near Shannonville, where she had been working, and was taking a short cut across the fields in the storm of Wednesday night. She either stopped or fell out of the vehicle, and the reins getting foul of her body, was dragged a considerable distance across the plowed field. An inquest was considered unnecessary as death was due to exposure. She leaves a husband and grown-up family.

Reduced prices on Winter Coats and Serge Dresses. A number of Children's Pleated Skirts from 6 to 14 years, at $3.00 each. A large assortment of Blouses to choose from. Also a few evening dresses left. Call and see our goods. Wishing all our customers a Very Happy and Prosperous New Year.

MRS. J. SAGAR.

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TAMWORTH

Geo. Roark, of Cavan, and Gerald Clark, of Peterboro, are visiting friends in town.

Walter Redden has sold his meat shop to Charlie Hannah.

The recent snow storm has made fine sleighing.

Lots of wood coming to town from $4 to $7 per cord.

William Johnston talks of moving to Cherry Valley to live near his daughter.

The election passed off very quietly. There were seven in the field for Councillors, and three for Reeve. Henry Young was elected Reeve; and Frank York, Dan. Hinchey, P. Whalen, and Denis Kearns were elected as Councillors.

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MOSCOW NORTH

On the 29th December, 1921, Mr. Henry Keech, a highly respected resident, passed away, after an illness of a few weeks duration, at the age of eighty-two years. On the thirty-first the funeral took place at Enterprise Methodist church, with a number of friends and neighbors gathered to pay their last respect. He leaves his widow and two sons, and one daughter to mourn the loss of a loving father and husband.

We would be glad if the weather man would give us some snow so that we would have sleighing.

Mr. Norman Jackson spent the week-end at Trenton.

Mrs. Shannon, of Napanee, at her sister's, Mrs. Wesley Keech.

Miss Florence Brown is spending a few days with her father.

Mr. John Keech is spending some time with his brother, Mr. Wesley Keech.

Mr. and Mrs. Sandford Degroff spent Saturday evening at Mr. Henry Reid's.

Quite a number from here attended the Anniversary services at Centreville on Sunday.

Miss Mabel Carscallen, of Tamworth, at Mr. Wesley Keech's.

Mr. Truman Jackson spent Monday with his brother, Mr. Elias Jackson.

Mr. John Brown spent Monday at his father's, Mr. Alfred Brown, Enterprise.

Mr. and Mrs. Sandford Degroff, and mother, spent Sunday at his daughter's, Mrs. Elmer Jackson's, Enterprise.

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The Market Grocery.

Fresh Groceries each week. Quality is our first consideration in buying St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar. High grade flour. Our stock of Teas is now complete—high grade Teas are scarce, and are good buying now. We handle only high grade Coffee, and our sales are increasing.

THOMPSON BROS.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Dr. Earle, formerly of Napanee, was renewing acquaintances in town a few days last week.

Mr. Harold Dunbar, Detroit, spent the holidays with his aunt, Miss B. Dundar.

The Misses Thompson entertained on Monday night.—Bridge.

Messrs. Herbert Asselstine and Peter Wese left on Monday to spend the winter at Los Angeles, Cal.

Messrs. Bert Richards, Trenton, and Henry and Wesley Richards, Wooler, were in Napanee on Sunday attending the funeral of the late G. W. Boyes.

Mr. Hary Fralick, of Calgary, Alta., was renewing acquaintances in Napanee a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. V. Anderson returned home on Thursday last after spending two weeks with friends in Niagara Falls, Dresden and Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Kinch, of Hepworth, spent the holidays with the latter's mother, Mrs. A. B. MacLeod, and other relatives.

Mr. W. H. B. MacLeod, of Osgoode Hall, Toronto, spent the vacation with his mother here.

Mr. Maurice Madden has returned to North Bay after spending the holidays with his father, Judge Madden.

Mrs. Geo. Dunlop is visiting her son, Mr. Harry Dunlop, Toronto.

Mrs. Canfield Shorey and Miss Vera Shorey entertained on Friday afternoon last—Bridge.

Mrs. W. B. Cronk, Guelph, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meagher, having been suddenly called home on account of an accident to her mother when she slipped on the walk and injured her ankle.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Doller spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss Ethel Fox, Foxboro, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Boyes, Kingston, and Mr. W. V. Boyes, Montreal, were in Napanee attending the funeral of the late G. W. Boyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Sils and Miss Mildred Roblin, Toronto, spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. F. Jas. Roblin.

Miss Bernice Woods, Picton, spent last week the guest of Mrs. Ivan Spencer.

Mr. Thos. Cousins is spending a couple of weeks with friends at Kaladar.

Dr. Cameron Wilson is home from Weyburn, Sask., for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Basil Mallory, of Calgary, are with New Year's with friends in Napanee.

Messrs. Jas. and W. J. Burns and family are spending the winter with their brothers, Messrs. Ed. and Matt Burns, Cedar Dale.

Mrs. Clara McCormick is holidaying in New York for a few weeks.

Miss Lou Davy, of Belleville, spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy.

Mr. Durward Denison, Detroit, is visiting his father, R. W. Denison, South River Road.

Mr. U. M. Wilson is in Toronto to-day attending the funeral of the late Jos. Oliver, Grand Sire, I.O.O.F.

Mr. Jos. Acton, McGill University, Montreal, spent New Year's the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kelly.

Mr. D. F. Aylsworth, Bath, has taken a position with the Ontario Department of Agriculture at Renfrew.

Mrs. J. H. H. Coleman and Miss Edith Coleman spent New Year's in Toronto with Miss Frances Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hall, Montreal, spent New Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hall.

Mrs. Perry Detlor spent the holidays in Montreal with her son, Mr. Morley Detlor.

Mrs. Ernest Norris is spending a month in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank May spent a very enjoyable Christmas and New Year's holiday with their daughter, Mrs. Edwin A. Magee, at Hayburn. Mr. and Mrs. May left Tuesday morning for a tour of the Ottawa Valley district and Eastern Ontario.

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BIRTHS

Roe—At Napanee, on Sunday, January 1st, 1922, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Roe, John street, a daughter, Peggy Alberta.

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MARRIAGES

Hay-Lasher—At Napanee, on Thursday, December 29th, 1921, by the Rev. A. J. Terrill, B.A., B.D., Sadie May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lasher, to George Hay, both of Camden.

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DEATHS

Boyes—At Napanee, on Friday, January 6th, 1922, George Walter Boyes, aged 45 years.

BENNETT—At Odessa, on Sunday morning, January 8th, 1922, Mary A. Wiseman, beloved wife of Robert Bennett, aged 66 years.

Markwell—At Adolphustown, on Monday, January 2nd, 1922, Viola Markwell, aged 17 years.

Woodcock—At Lady Minto hospital, Melfort, Sask., on December 29th, 1921, Reginald Vernon, only son of Mrs. Sidney Woodcock, of Napanee, aged 19 years, 1 month and 21 days.

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It is God that girdeth me with strength and maketh my way perfect.—Ps. 18-32; Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might.—Eccles. 9-10; The Son of God was manifested that He might destroy the works of the devil.—1 John 3-8; He that overcometh shall inherit all things and I will be his God, and he shall be my son.—Rev. 21-7;

The foe is stern and eager, The fight is fierce and long,

But He has made us mighty And stronger than the strong.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Nothing is Gained Save by "Comparison." Our Fur Stock will stand the acid test of Comparison. We invite your inspection. "CHOOSE NOW.

Our January Prices Offer You Unrestricted Values

that we will guarantee as being unsurpassable, quality for quality, style for style, workmanship for workmanship. If you are in quest of Furs we strongly urge you to give us the privilege of proving to you the values that we claim to have. Following we partially describe what we have to offer:

Fur Pieces and Fur Setts Possessing Charm and Durability

"SABLE" A FUR WITH A REPUTATION

And this reputation is one for long wear and long years of satisfactory service. Throughout the years this desirable fur has been recognized as a leader, to-day it is just as fashionable, and is guaranteed to give just as good general satisfaction.

Our stock of Sable offers several different styles, the quality in each is right up to the standard, the workmanship is excellent.

Neck Pieces are priced at **$25.00, $37.50, $39.50, $42.50, $47.50, and $67.50.**

Muffs in most approved styles are **$26.50, $40.00, $47.50, $60.00.**

CHOOSE NOW

PERSIAN LAMB AGAIN IN POPULAR DEMAND

With new skins again available fashion has approved of Coats and Fur Pieces in this desirable fur. Like Sable it has a reputation for long wear.

Persian Tie **$10.00,** was $15.00.
Collar **$32.50,** was $45.00.

CHOOSE NOW

NATURAL WOLF FOR SERVICE

For the price there is no fur which gives the same satisfaction when it comes to choosing fur to-gether.

The Neck Pieces are made in one full skin animal shape, with head and tail trimmings.

Former price $27.50, present price, **$20.00.**

Muffs to match in the same deep well furred qualities are obtainable.

Former price $20.00, $27.50, $30.
Present price $13.75, $20, $22.50.

CHOOSE NOW

GOOD MINK SETT

Now $100.00 was $125.00

At the market price of Mink skins this sett is a splendid specimen of value giving.

The quality and richness of the fur is indescribably good in every particular.

The style is staple yet fashionable.

The Muff is half round with fur ends.

CHOOSE NOW

BLACK FOX AND LYNX ARE FASHIONABLE

These furs are unsurpassable for their richness and beauty. The long silky nature of the fur makes it the choice of discriminating buyers when it comes to choosing a fur to wear with suit or dress.

This season they are made up in one piece shoulder scarf style, with head and tail trimmings. The linings are usually of Crepe.

Neck pieces are priced at **$50.00 and $65.00 in Fox, and $55.00 in Lynx.**

CHOOSE NOW

ODD MUFFS IN HUDSON SEAL

We call them odd because there are no Neck Pieces to go with them. In each instance the quality is most beautiful. In Melon and Canteen shapes.

Priced now **$20.00,** was $30.00.
Priced now **$32.50,** was $25.00.
Priced now **$27.50,** was $35.00.

CHOOSE NOW

CANADIAN COON IN VARIED STYLES

Coon is receiving a justified popularity because it is not only attractive but is durable. For sports wear it is approved by fashion, it is one of our own Canadian furs, it gives service, and yet comes within the range of most people.

One style **at $25.00** comes in full animal shape, with head and tail trimmings. Former value $37.50.

Another style favors the shawl collar vogue, and could be used nicely as a collar for fur or cloth coat.

Beautiful quality at $32.00.....

Muffs in melon shape to match at equally as attractive value.

CHOOSE NOW

SCOTCH MOLE IN ONE STYLE

One style only and that's the best. This long straight Scarf should please anyone. It is luxurious in color and quality.

Priced now $70.00, was $87.50.

CHOOSE NOW

WHEN IT COMES TO SHORT-HAIRED FURS CHOOSE SEAL

In this class of Fur fashion favors the long straight scarf from 8 to 42 inches which are usualy finished with pockets in the ends, and with round fur balls.

We are offering at present several very handsome Scarfs, made from French dyed Tasmanian and Electric Seal skins.

Priced at now **$35.00,** was $42.50.
Priced at now **$40.00,** was $60.00.
Priced at now **$42.50,** was $60.00.
Priced at now **$25.00,** was $35.50.

CHOOSE NOW

A FUR SET IN CANADIAN ERMINE

$97.50

A judge of fur value would know this to be exceptional value. The Neck Piece is just a smart tie style, large enough to wear with dress or suit. The Muff is in ball style with fur cuffs. The quality of both in very handsome.

CHOOSE NOW

AUSTRALIAN OPOSSUM, A FUR THAT HAS COME TO STAY

If it is service you want then this delightful fur answers the bill nicely. Possibly there is not another fur so much in demand this year. We have now in stock three most exceptionally nice styles.

One is long scarf style, with pockets in the ends. **Now $65.00,** was $80.

Another similar, not quite so long, beautiful quality, at the same price.

The third style is muffle collar style which will wrap about the neck. **Now $50.00,** was $65.00.

Muff to match in ball, half round, and canteen shapes.

Now $30.00, was $45.00.
Now $25.00, was $37.50.
Now $17.50, was $25.00.

CHOOSE NOW

TAUPE AUSTRALIAN OPOSSUM

In long straight scarf shape only, lovely color.

Now $45.00, was $60.00.

CHOOSE NOW

Hudson Seal, the Peer of all Furs for Coat Purposes. Here are several selling at Less than Present Cost of Production.

These Coats have been great value all season compared with city prices, and are greater values to-day because the market prices of Hudson Seal Coats are again pointing skyward. These coats at our prices are indeed values that any woman with an eye open to save money should well investigate. We know the history of every skin that has been used in our coats, we know where it was trapped, when it was dressed, and dyed, why it was chosen to go into our coats. Knowing it as we do we can safely guarantee the quality along with the value to you. Realizing that women want more than one season from coats we had them made up in styles that are safe, sane and sensible.

These coats are in stock at present.

One only Hudson Seal, 40 bust and 42 length—Price now $325.00.
One only Hudson Seal, 42 bust and 40 length—Price now $385.00.
One only Hudson Seal, 38 bust and 40 length—Price now $385.00—Sable trimmed.

Women's French Dyed Seal Coats

ALL GOOD HONEST VALUES, $150.00 Each

When it is a coat at a price, and when you are wanting one in black, we do not know of any better fur for the money. The leather in these pelts is heavy and very strong. Being dyed and dressed by French skill they possess a rich gloss and a soft finish that is very desirable. The coats we are featuring have been thoroughly made by the best Canadian manufacturers. They are cut with shawl collars, some have all-round belts, others are plain, lined with good materials through-out.

Sizes 38, 40, 42. You are sure to get service and satisfaction.

CHOOSE NOW.

Men's Sitka Beaver Coats For Hard Wear

THIS YEAR $45.00 EACH. ALL SIZES.

We think our coats just have the "edge" on most coats obtainable, as they are dressed with an Analine dye that leaves the skin in a soft pliable condition. These coats have been made with unusual care. The skins are evenly sheared and matched to perfection. The collar is large and warm, the lining is quilted, the coat is re-inforced where you need it.

We have sold hundreds of these coats and can safely recommend them to you as coats very suitable for heavy outdoor work. A kind of coat for a man who works.

COME IN AND LOOK THEM OVER TO-DAY.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.